

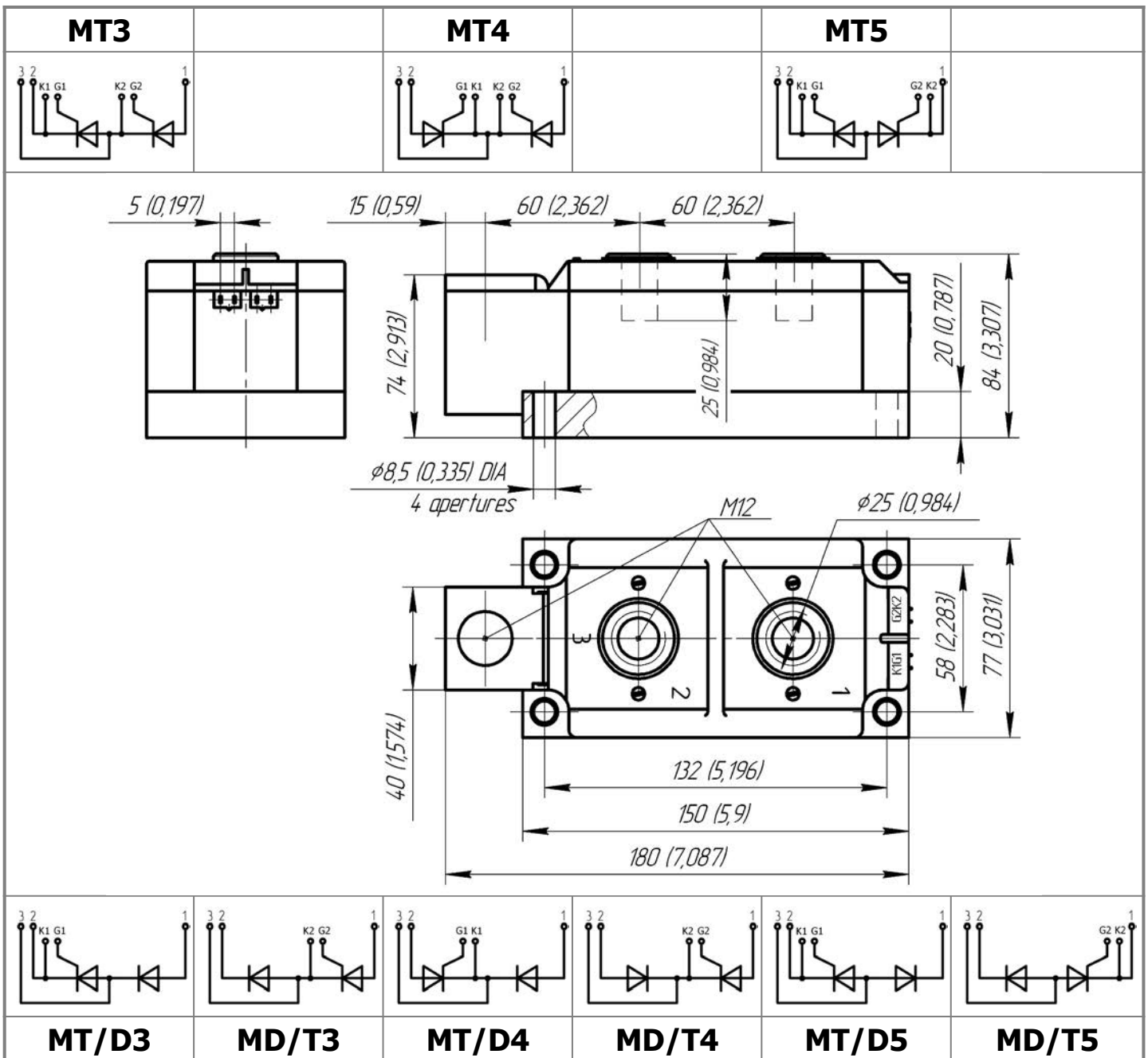


# Thyristor Modules

## MTx-1000-12-D



Mean on-state current		$I_{TAV}$	1000 A
Repetitive peak off-state voltage		$V_{DRM}$	1000...1200 V
Repetitive peak reverse voltage		$V_{RRM}$	
Turn-off time		$t_q$	160 $\mu$ s
$V_{DRM}, V_{RRM}, V$	1000	1100	1200
Voltage code	10	11	12
$T_j, ^\circ C$	-40...+140		



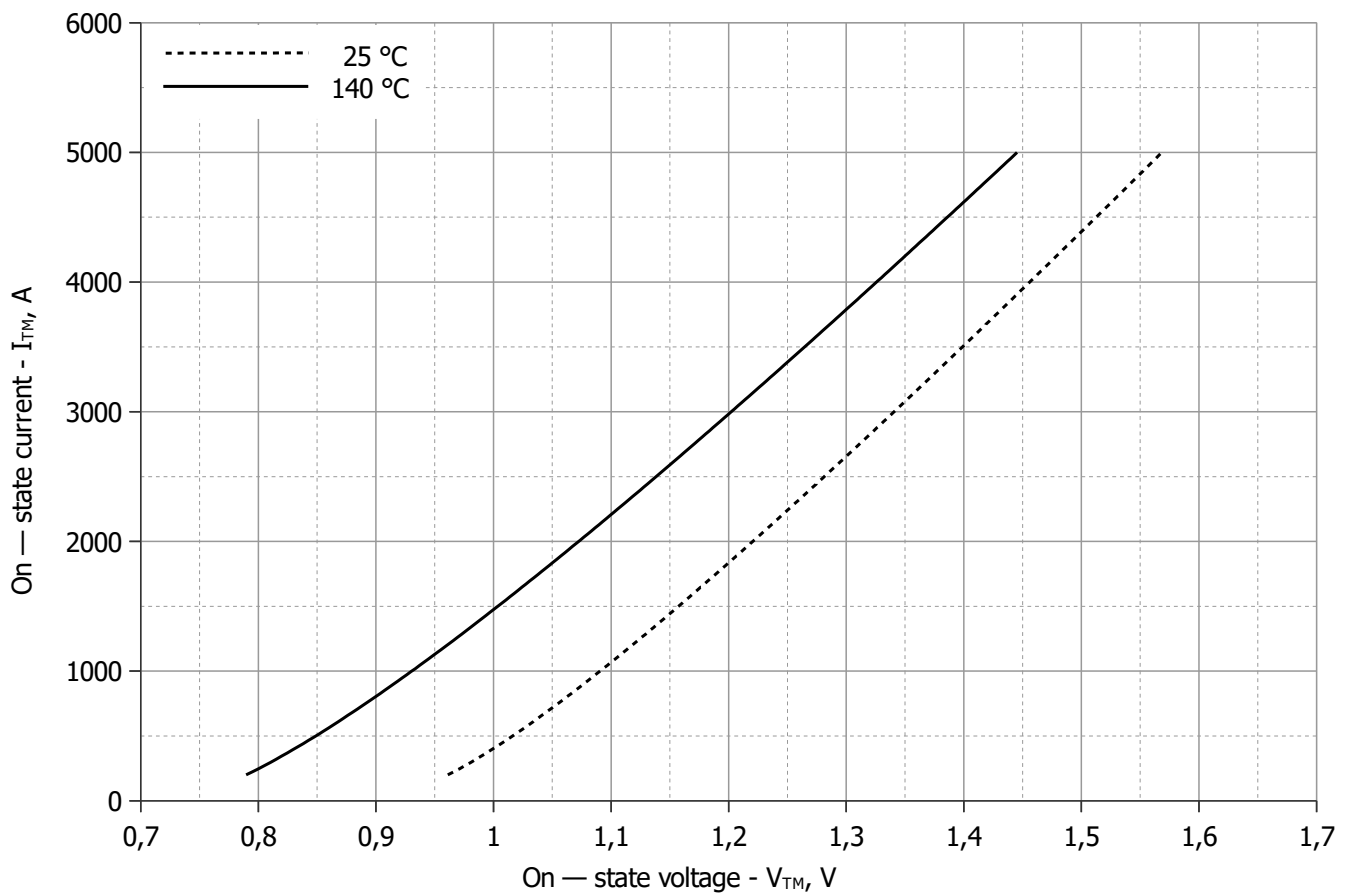
## MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE RATINGS

Symbols and parameters		Units	Values	Test conditions
<b>ON-STATE</b>				
$I_{TAV}$	Maximum allowable mean on-state current	A	1000 983	$T_c=83\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ; $T_c=85\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ; 180° half-sine wave; 50 Hz
$I_{TRMS}$	RMS on-state current	A	1570	$T_c=83\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ; 180° half-sine wave; 50 Hz
$I_{TSM}$	Surge on-state current	kA	39.0 45.0	$T_j=T_{j\text{ max}}$ $T_j=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ 180° half-sine wave; $t_p=10\text{ ms}$ ; single pulse; $V_D=V_R=0\text{ V}$ ; Gate pulse: $I_G=2\text{ A}$ ; $t_{GP}=50\text{ }\mu\text{s}$ ; $di_G/dt \geq 1\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$
			41.0 47.0	$T_j=T_{j\text{ max}}$ $T_j=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ 180° half-sine wave; $t_p=8.3\text{ ms}$ ; single pulse; $V_D=V_R=0\text{ V}$ ; Gate pulse: $I_G=2\text{ A}$ ; $t_{GP}=50\text{ }\mu\text{s}$ ; $di_G/dt \geq 1\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$
$I^2t$	Safety factor	$\text{A}^2\text{s}\cdot 10^3$	7600 10100	$T_j=T_{j\text{ max}}$ $T_j=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ 180° half-sine wave; $t_p=10\text{ ms}$ ; single pulse; $V_D=V_R=0\text{ V}$ ; Gate pulse: $I_G=2\text{ A}$ ; $t_{GP}=50\text{ }\mu\text{s}$ ; $di_G/dt \geq 1\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$
			6900 9100	$T_j=T_{j\text{ max}}$ $T_j=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ 180° half-sine wave; $t_p=8.3\text{ ms}$ ; single pulse; $V_D=V_R=0\text{ V}$ ; Gate pulse: $I_G=2\text{ A}$ ; $t_{GP}=50\text{ }\mu\text{s}$ ; $di_G/dt \geq 1\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$
<b>BLOCKING</b>				
$V_{DRM}, V_{RRM}$	Repetitive peak off-state and Repetitive peak reverse voltages	V	1000...1200	$T_{j\text{ min}} < T_j < T_{j\text{ max}}$ ; 180° half-sine wave; 50 Hz; Gate open
$V_{DSM}, V_{RSM}$	Non-repetitive peak off-state and Non-repetitive peak reverse voltages	V	1100...1300	$T_{j\text{ min}} < T_j < T_{j\text{ max}}$ ; 180° half-sine wave; single pulse; Gate open
$V_D, V_R$	Direct off-state and Direct reverse voltages	V	$0.6\cdot V_{DRM}$ $0.6\cdot V_{RRM}$	$T_j=T_{j\text{ max}}$ ; Gate open
<b>TRIGGERING</b>				
$I_{FGM}$	Peak forward gate current	A	8	$T_j=T_{j\text{ max}}$
$V_{RGM}$	Peak reverse gate voltage	V	5	
$P_G$	Gate power dissipation	W	4	$T_j=T_{j\text{ max}}$ for DC gate current
<b>SWITCHING</b>				
$(di_T/dt)_{\text{crit}}$	Critical rate of rise of on-state current non-repetitive ( $f=1\text{ Hz}$ )	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	1000	$T_j=T_{j\text{ max}}$ ; $V_D=0.67\cdot V_{DRM}$ ; $I_{TM}=3200\text{ A}$ ; Gate pulse: $I_G=2\text{ A}$ ; $t_{GP}=50\text{ }\mu\text{s}$ ; $di_G/dt \geq 2\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$
<b>THERMAL</b>				
$T_{\text{stg}}$	Storage temperature	$^\circ\text{C}$	-40...+50	
$T_j$	Operating junction temperature	$^\circ\text{C}$	-40...+140	
$T_{c\text{ op}}$	Operating temperature	$^\circ\text{C}$	-40...+125	
<b>MECHANICAL</b>				
a	Acceleration under vibration	$\text{m}/\text{s}^2$	50	

## CHARACTERISTICS

Symbols and parameters		Units	Values	Conditions	
<b>ON-STATE</b>					
$V_{TM}$	Peak on-state voltage, max	V	1.35	$T_j=25\text{ °C}; I_{TM}=3140\text{ A}$	
$V_{T(TO)}$	On-state threshold voltage, max	V	0.814	$T_j=T_{j\text{ max}};$	
$r_T$	On-state slope resistance, max	mΩ	0.127	$0.5\pi I_{TAV} < I_T < 1.5\pi I_{TAV}$	
$I_L$	Latching current, max	mA	1500	$T_j=25\text{ °C}; V_D=12\text{ V};$ Gate pulse: $I_G=2\text{ A};$ $t_{GP}=50\text{ }\mu\text{s}; di_G/dt\geq 1\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	
$I_H$	Holding current, max	mA	300	$T_j=25\text{ °C};$ $V_D=12\text{ V};$ Gate open	
<b>BLOCKING</b>					
$I_{DRM}, I_{RRM}$	Repetitive peak off-state and Repetitive peak reverse currents, max	mA	150 4.00	$T_j=T_{j\text{ max}}$ $T_j=25\text{ °C}$	$V_D=V_{DRM}; V_R=V_{RRM}$
$(dv_D/dt)_{crit}$	Critical rate of rise of off-state voltage <sup>1)</sup> , min	V/ $\mu\text{s}$	200, 320, 500, 1000, 1600, 2000, 2500	$T_j=T_{j\text{ max}};$ $V_D=0.67\cdot V_{DRM};$ Gate open	
<b>TRIGGERING</b>					
$V_{GT}$	Gate trigger direct voltage, max	V	3.00 2.50 1.50	$T_j=T_{j\text{ min}}$ $T_j=25\text{ °C}$ $T_j=T_{j\text{ max}}$	$V_D=12\text{ V}; I_D=3\text{ A};$ Direct gate current
$I_{GT}$	Gate trigger direct current, max	mA	400 250 150	$T_j=T_{j\text{ min}}$ $T_j=25\text{ °C}$ $T_j=T_{j\text{ max}}$	
$V_{GD}$	Gate non-trigger direct voltage, min	V	0.45	$T_j=T_{j\text{ max}};$ $V_D=0.67\cdot V_{DRM};$	
$I_{GD}$	Gate non-trigger direct current, min	mA	80.00	Direct gate current	
<b>SWITCHING</b>					
$t_{gd}$	Delay time, max	$\mu\text{s}$	0.85	$T_j=25\text{ °C}; V_D=600\text{ V}; I_{TM}=I_{TAV};$ $di/dt=200\text{ A}/\mu\text{s};$	
$t_{gt}$	Turn-on time, max	$\mu\text{s}$	5.00	Gate pulse: $I_G=2\text{ A}; V_G=20\text{ V};$ $t_{GP}=50\text{ }\mu\text{s}; di_G/dt=2\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	
$t_q$	Turn-off time <sup>2)</sup> , max	$\mu\text{s}$	160	$dv_D/dt=50\text{ V}/\mu\text{s}; T_j=T_{j\text{ max}}; I_{TM}=I_{TAV};$ $di_R/dt=-10\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}; V_R=100\text{ V};$ $V_D=0.67\text{ }V_{DRM};$	
$Q_{rr}$	Total recovered charge, max	$\mu\text{C}$	1020	$T_j=T_{j\text{ max}}; I_{TM}=I_{TAV};$	
$t_{rr}$	Reverse recovery time, max	$\mu\text{s}$	18	$di_R/dt=-10\text{ A}/\mu\text{s};$	
$I_{rr}$	Reverse recovery current, max	A	113	$V_R=100\text{ V}$	
<b>THERMAL</b>					
$R_{thjc}$	Thermal resistance, junction to case			180° half-sine wave, 50 Hz	
	per module	°C/W	0.0250		
	per arm	°C/W	0.0500		
$R_{thch}$	Thermal resistance, case to heatsink				
	per module	°C/W	0.0080		
	per arm	°C/W	0.0160		
<b>INSULATION</b>					
$V_{ISOL}$	Insulation test voltage	kV	3.00	Sine wave, 50 Hz; RMS	t=60 sec
			3.60		t=1 sec
<b>MECHANICAL</b>					
$M_1$	Mounting torque (M8) <sup>3)</sup>	Nm	9.00	Tolerance $\pm 15\%$	
$M_2$	Terminal connection torque (M12) <sup>3)</sup>	Nm	18.00	Tolerance $\pm 15\%$	
m	Weight, max	g	4100		

PART NUMBERING GUIDE	NOTES																				
<p>MT 3 - 1000 - 12 - A2 T2 - D - N  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8</p> <p>1. Thyristor module (MT)  Thyristor – Diode module (MT/D)  Diode – Thyristor module (MD/T)</p> <p>2. Circuit Schematic  3 – serial connection  4 – common Cathode  5 – common Anode</p> <p>3. Average On-state Current, A</p> <p>4. Voltage Code</p> <p>5. Critical rate of rise of off-state voltage</p> <p>6. Group of turn-off time (<math>dv_D/dt=50 \text{ V}/\mu\text{s}</math>)</p> <p>7. Package Type (M.D)</p> <p>8. Ambient Conditions:  N – Normal</p>	<p>1) Critical rate of rise of off-state voltage</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Symbol of Group</th> <th>P2</th> <th>K2</th> <th>E2</th> <th>A2</th> <th>T1</th> <th>P1</th> <th>M1</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><math>(dv_D/dt)_{crit}, \text{ V}/\mu\text{s}</math></td> <td>200</td> <td>320</td> <td>500</td> <td>1000</td> <td>1600</td> <td>2000</td> <td>2500</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>2) Turn-off time (<math>dv_D/dt=50 \text{ V}/\mu\text{s}</math>)</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Symbol of group</th> <th>T2</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><math>t_{off}, \mu\text{s}</math></td> <td>160</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>3) The screws must be lubricated</p>	Symbol of Group	P2	K2	E2	A2	T1	P1	M1	$(dv_D/dt)_{crit}, \text{ V}/\mu\text{s}$	200	320	500	1000	1600	2000	2500	Symbol of group	T2	$t_{off}, \mu\text{s}$	160
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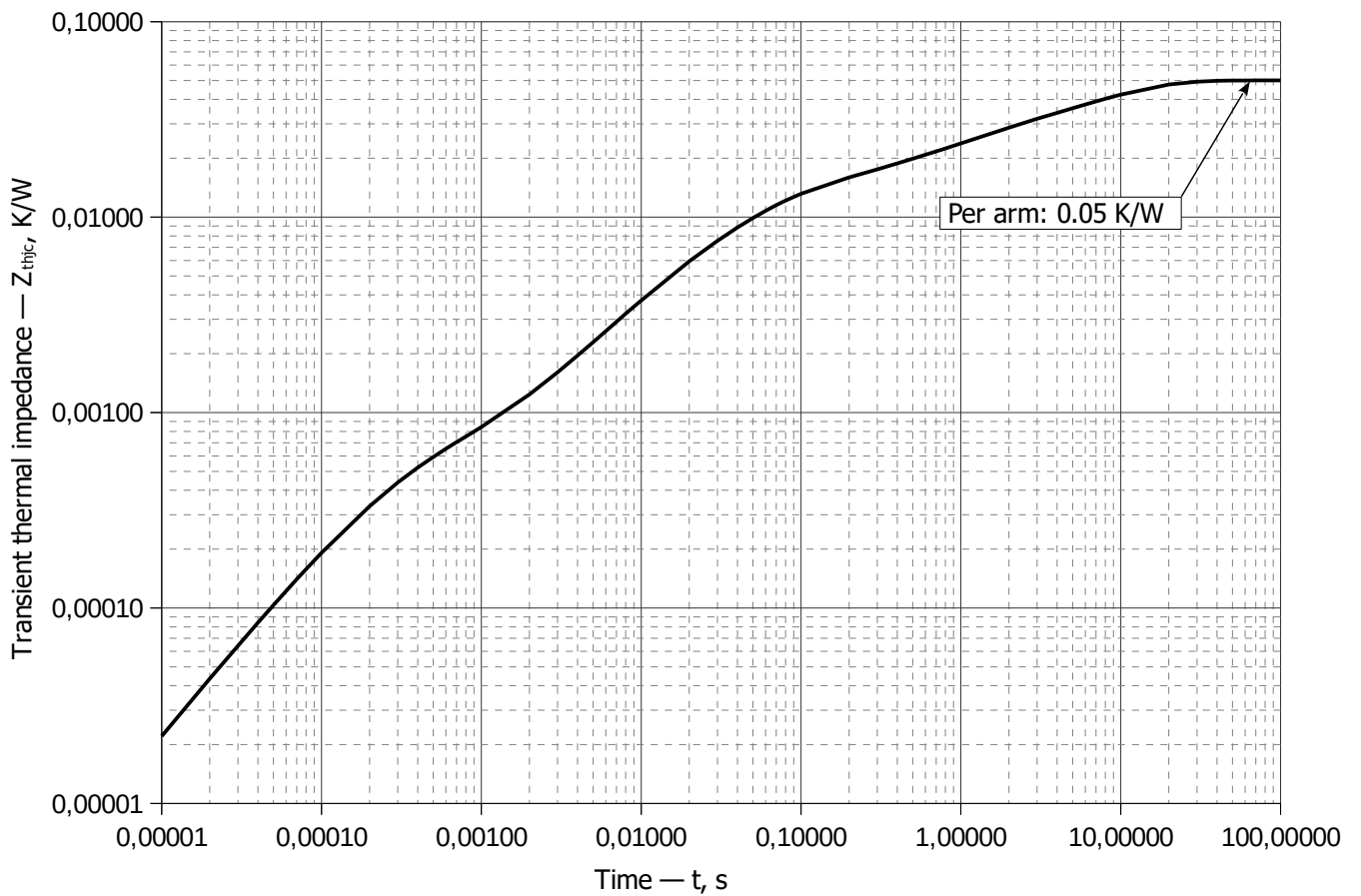
**Fig 1 – On-state characteristics of Limit device**

Analytical function for On-state characteristic:

$$V_T = A + B \cdot i_T + C \cdot \ln(i_T + 1) + D \cdot \sqrt{i_T}$$

	Coefficients for max curves	
	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$T_j = T_{j,\text{max}}$
<b>A</b>	0.86532223	0.72117208
<b>B</b>	0.00009246	0.00008932
<b>C</b>	0.00809740	-0.00135199
<b>D</b>	0.00243033	0.00408839

**On-state characteristic model (see Fig. 1)**



**Fig 2 – Transient thermal impedance  $Z_{thjc}$  vs. time  $t$**

Analytical function for Transient thermal impedance junction to case  $Z_{thjc}$  for DC:

$$Z_{thjc} = \sum_{i=1}^n R_i \left( 1 - e^{-\frac{t}{\tau_i}} \right)$$

Where  $i = 1$  to  $n$ ,  $n$  is the number of terms in the series.

$t$  = Duration of heating pulse in seconds.

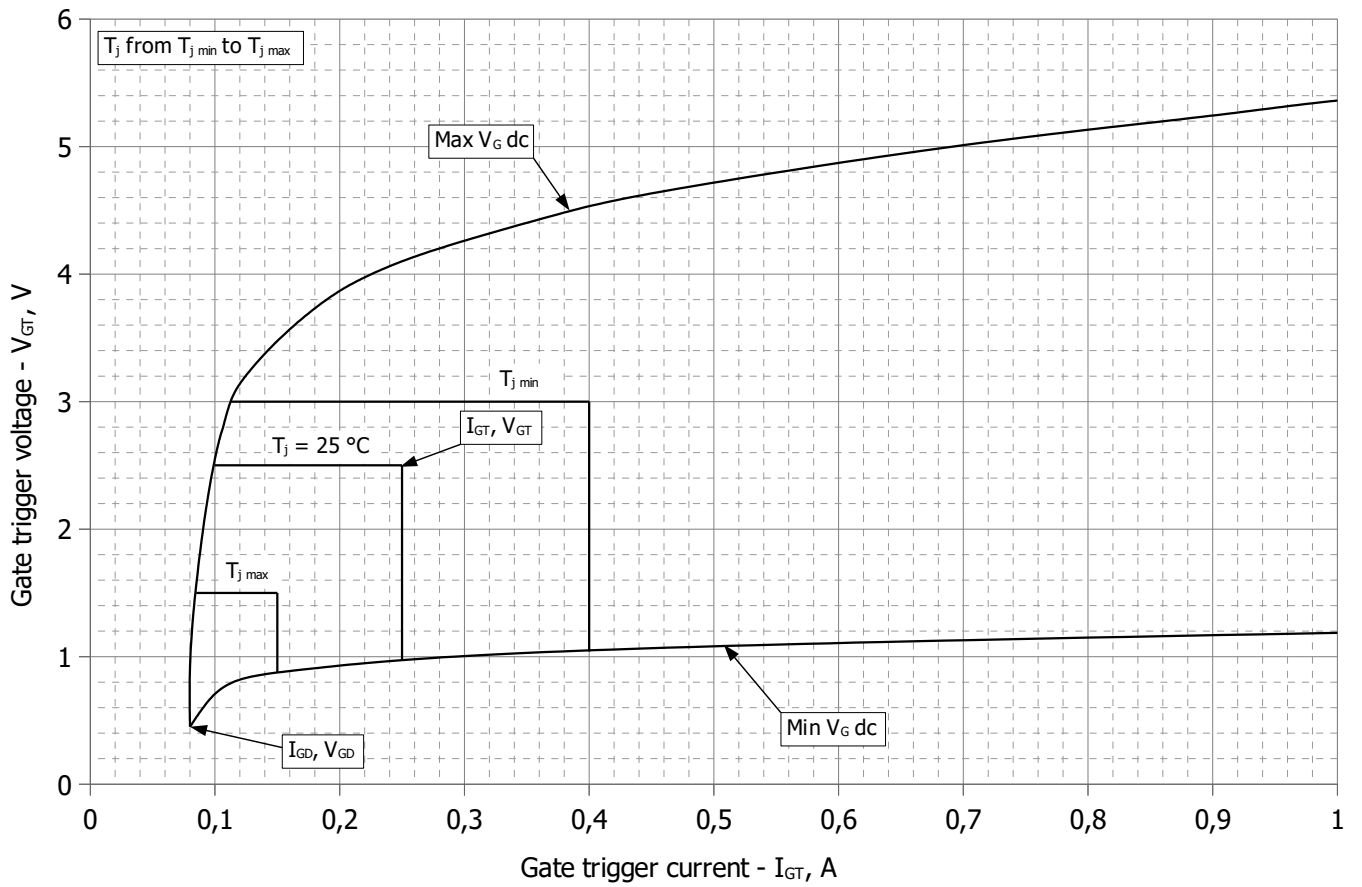
$Z_{thjc}$  = Thermal resistance at time  $t$ .

$R_i$  = Amplitude of  $p_{th}$  term.

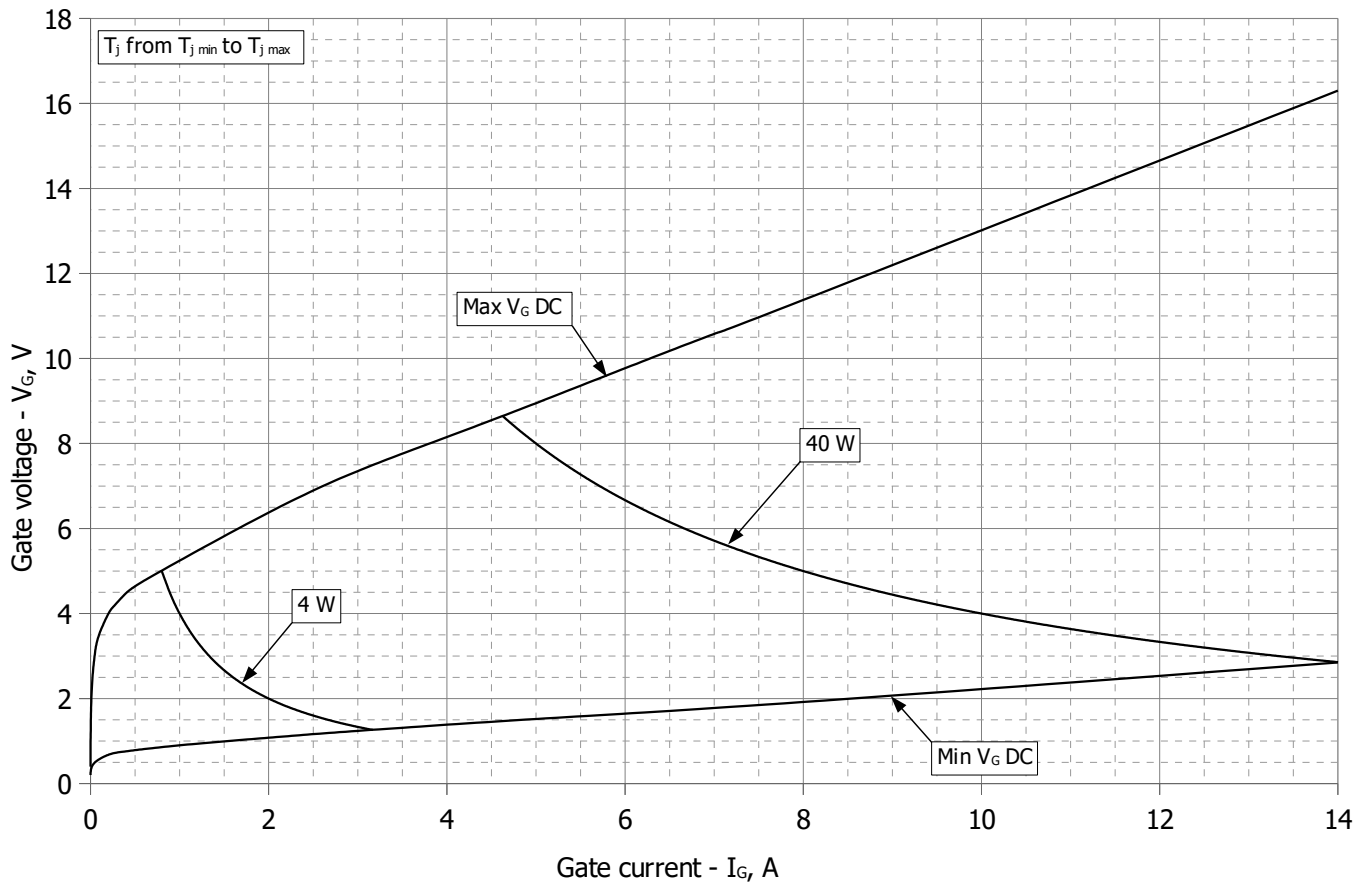
$\tau_i$  = Time constant of  $r_{th}$  term.

<b>i</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>6</b>
<b><math>R_i</math> K/W</b>	0.02506	0.009643	0.00348	0.009712	0.001719	0.0004399
<b><math>\tau_i</math> s</b>	8.474	1.11	0.2289	0.04529	0.009524	0.0002414

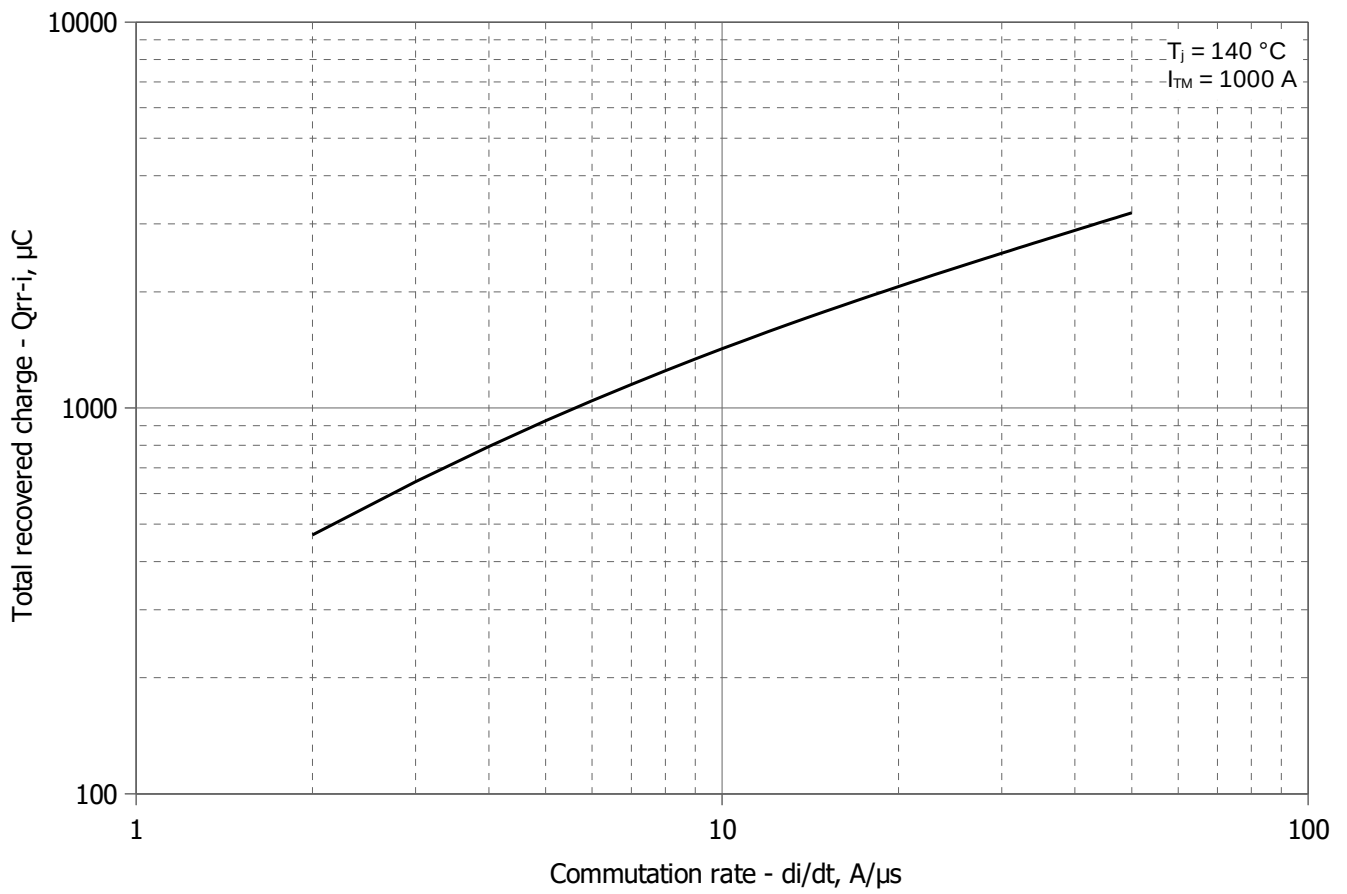
**Transient thermal impedance junction to case  $Z_{thjc}$  model (see Fig. 2)**



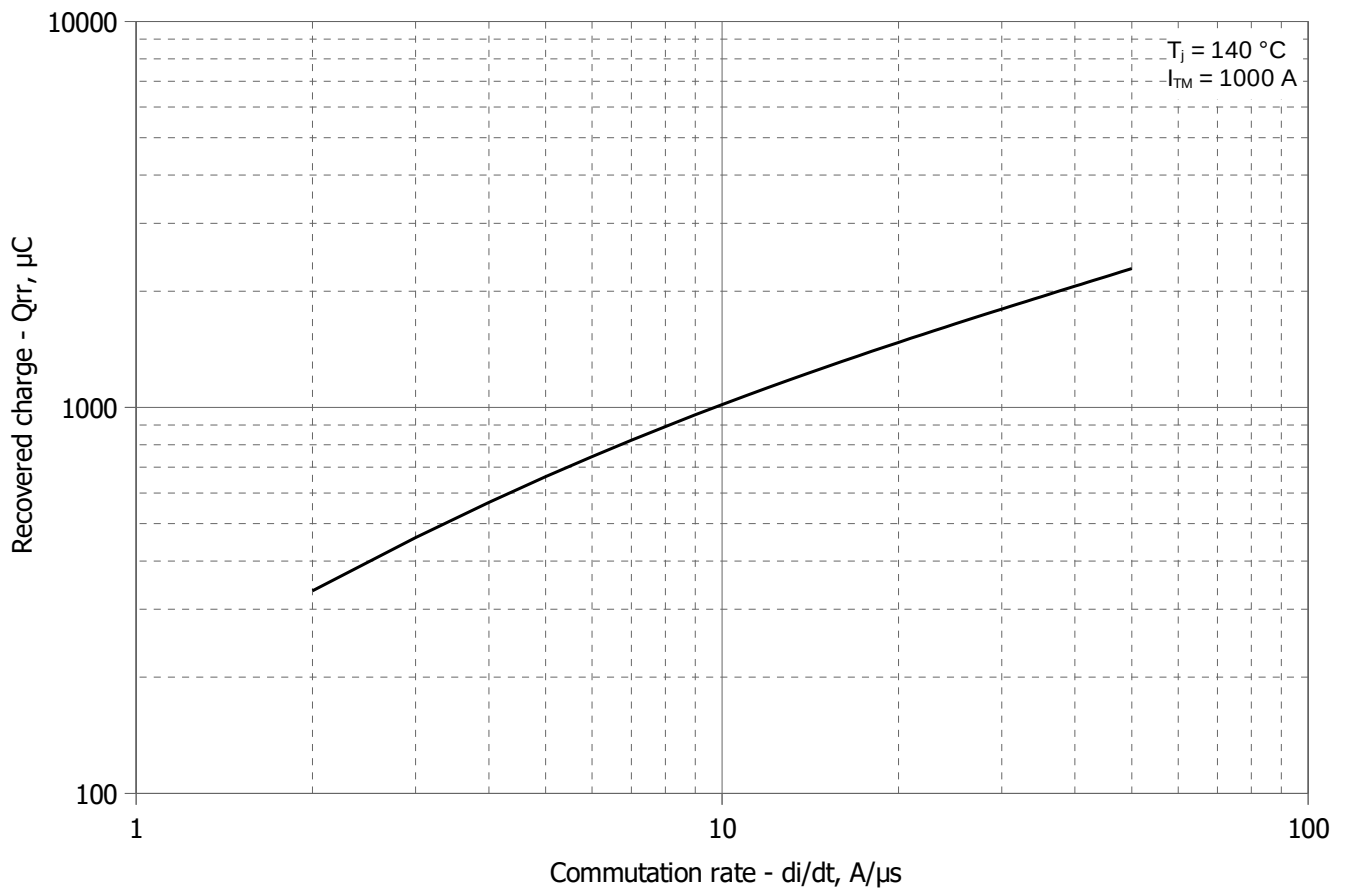
**Fig 3 – Gate characteristics – Trigger limits**



**Fig 4 - Gate characteristics – Power curves**

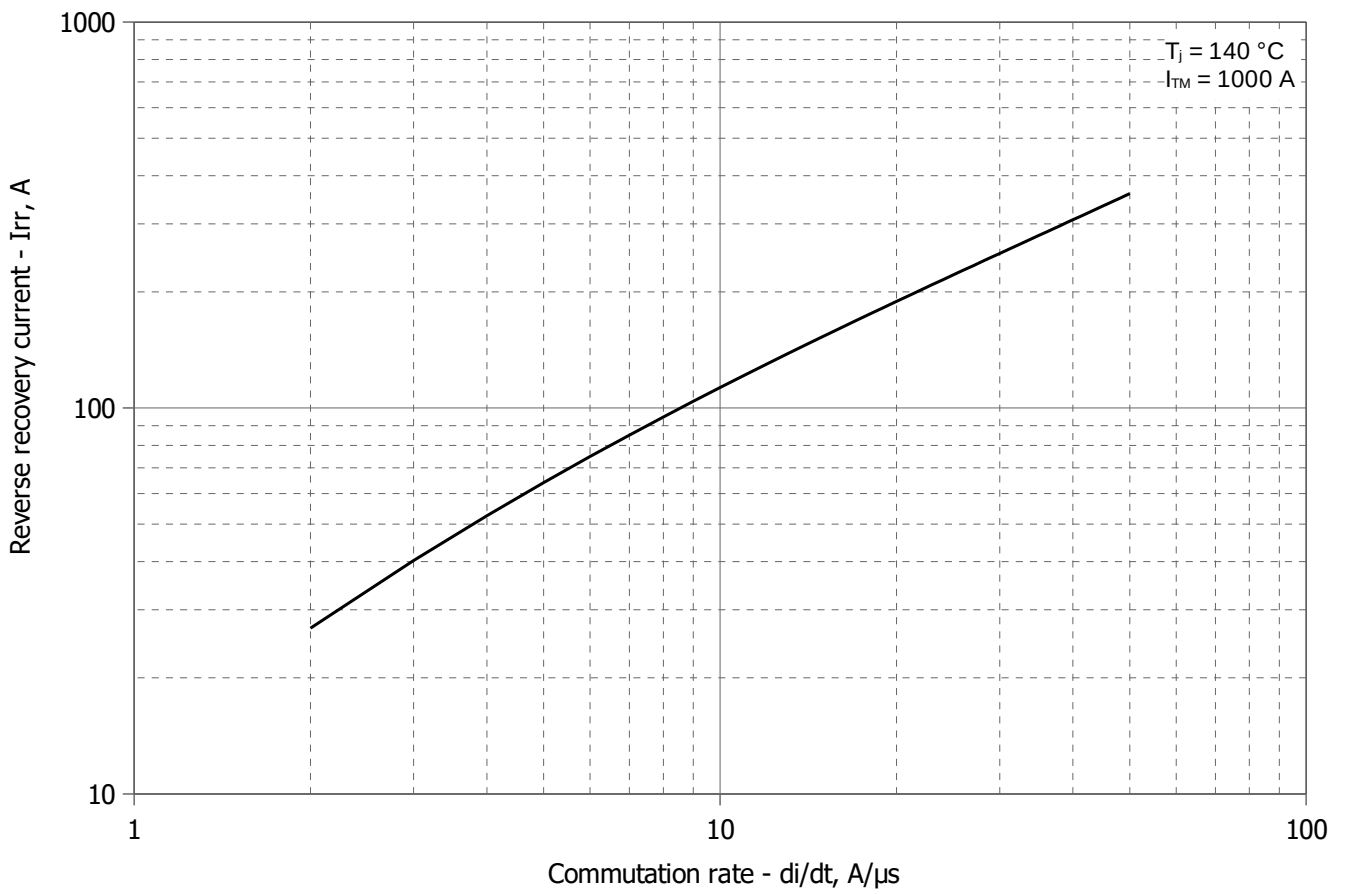


**Fig 5 – Maximum recovered charge  $Q_{rr-i}$  (integral) vs. commutation rate  $di_R/dt$**

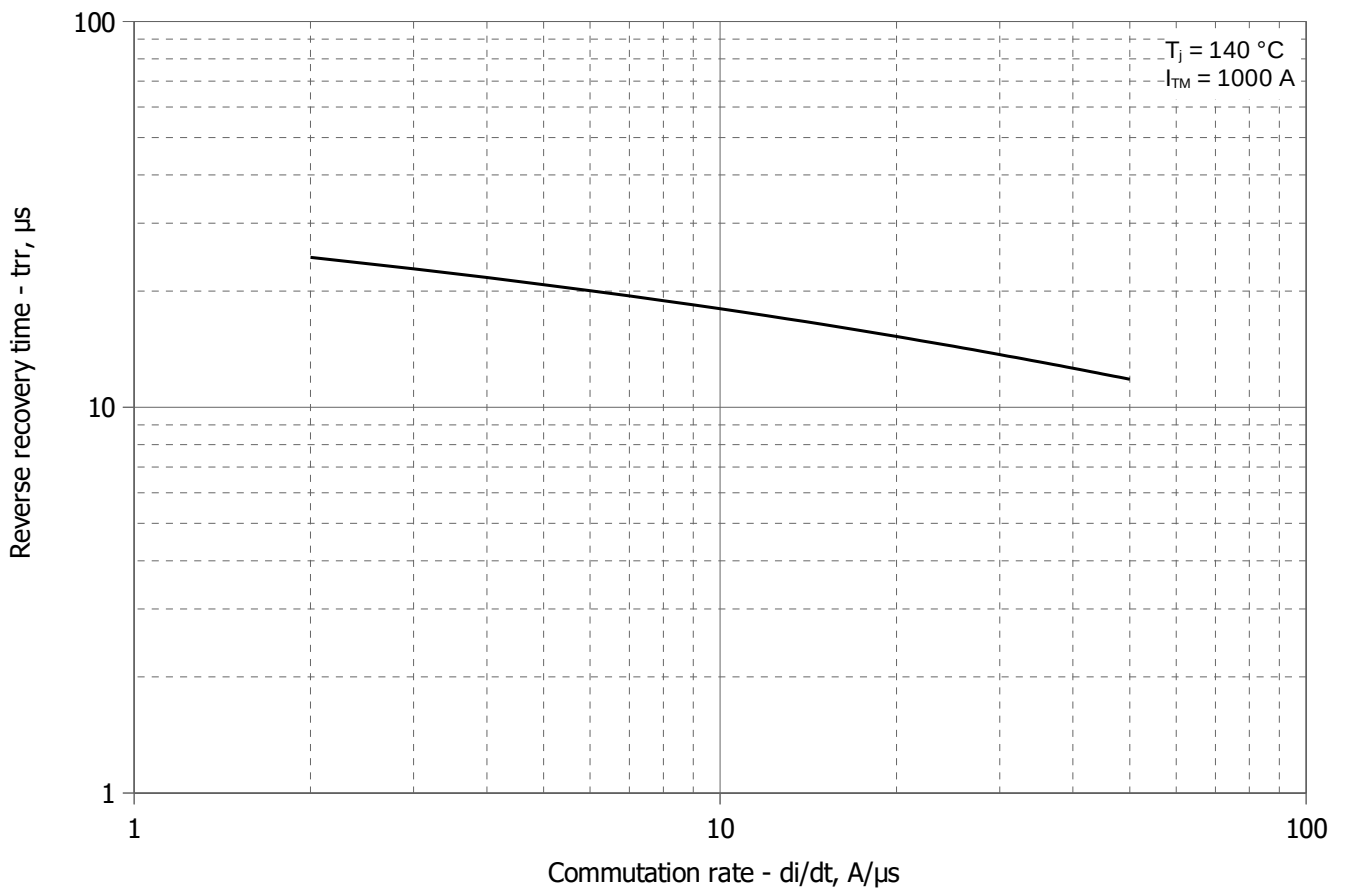


**Fig 6 – Maximum recovered charge  $Q_{rr}$  vs. commutation rate  $di_R/dt$  (25% chord)**

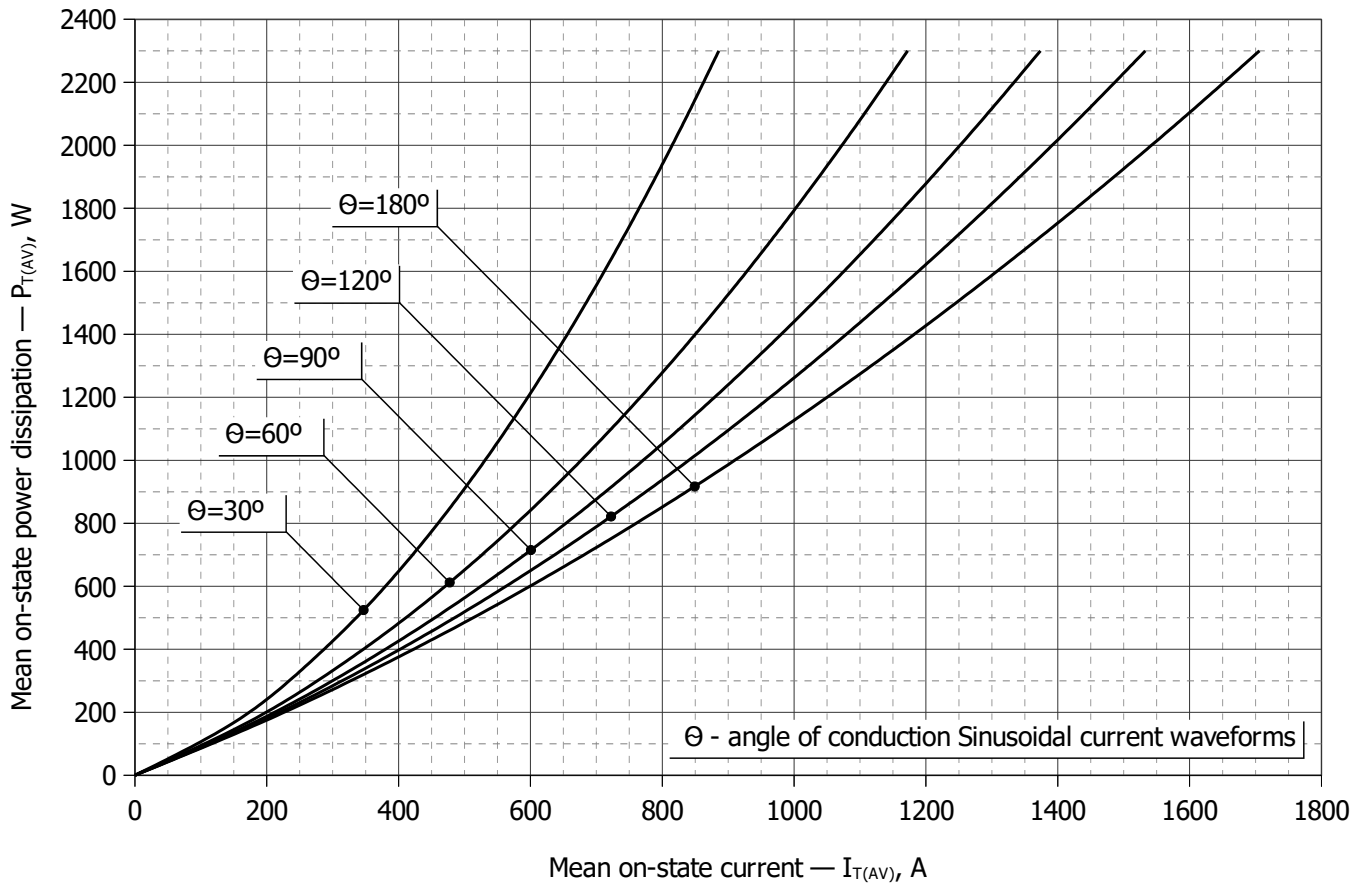




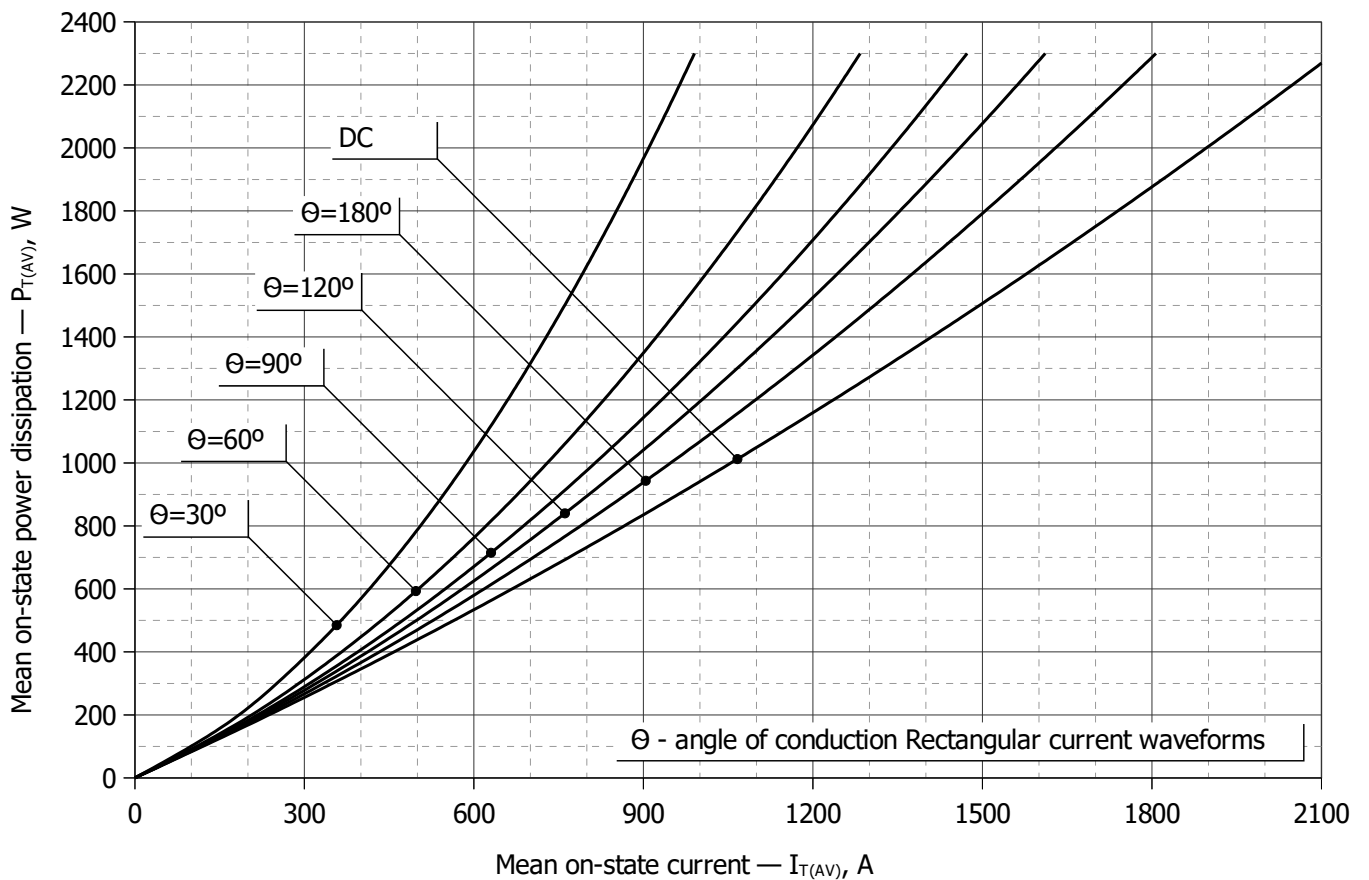
**Fig 7 – Maximum reverse recovery current  $I_{rr}$  vs. commutation rate  $di_R/dt$**



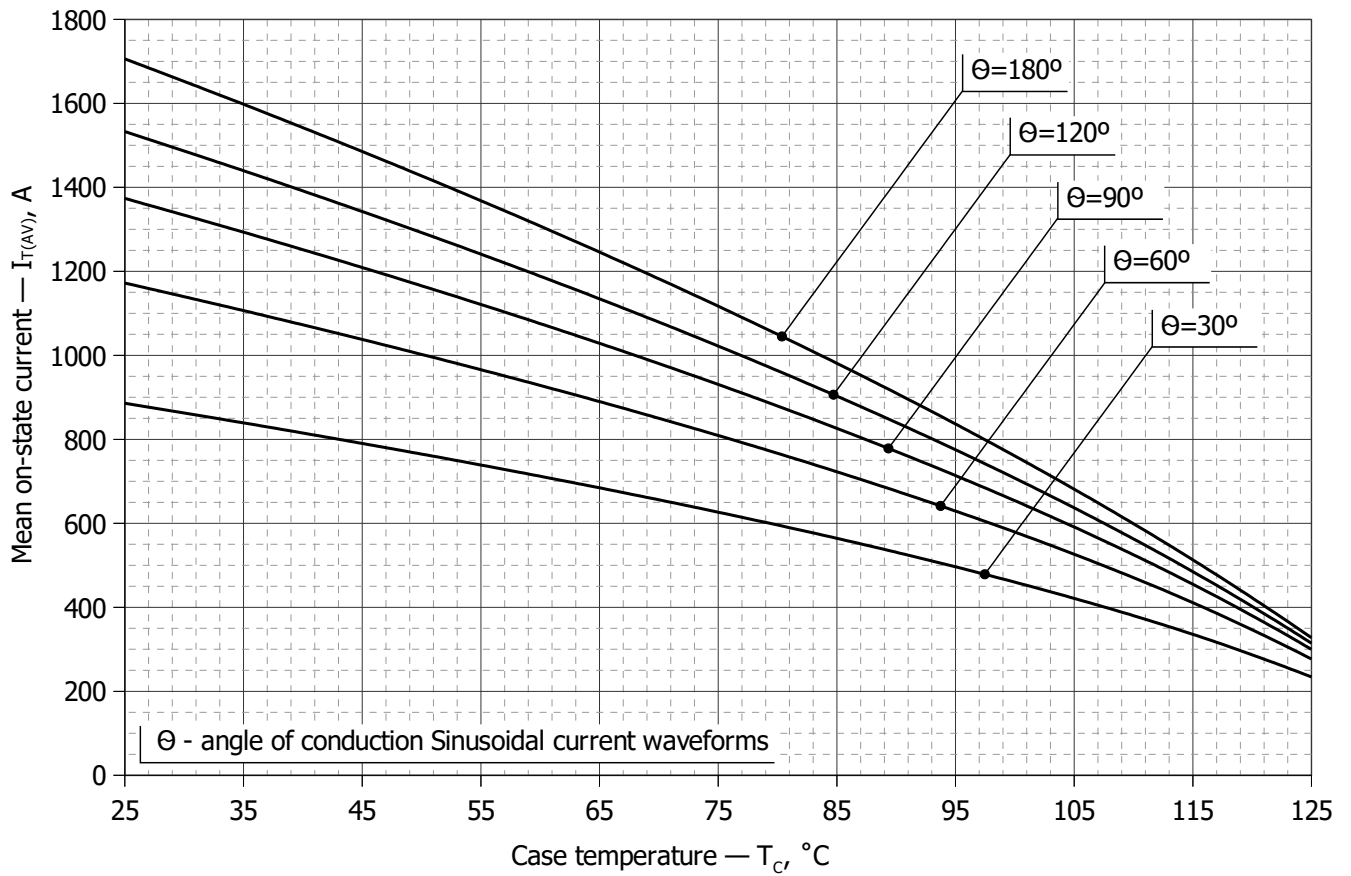
**Fig 8 – Maximum recovery time  $t_{rr}$  vs. commutation rate  $di_R/dt$  (25% chord)**



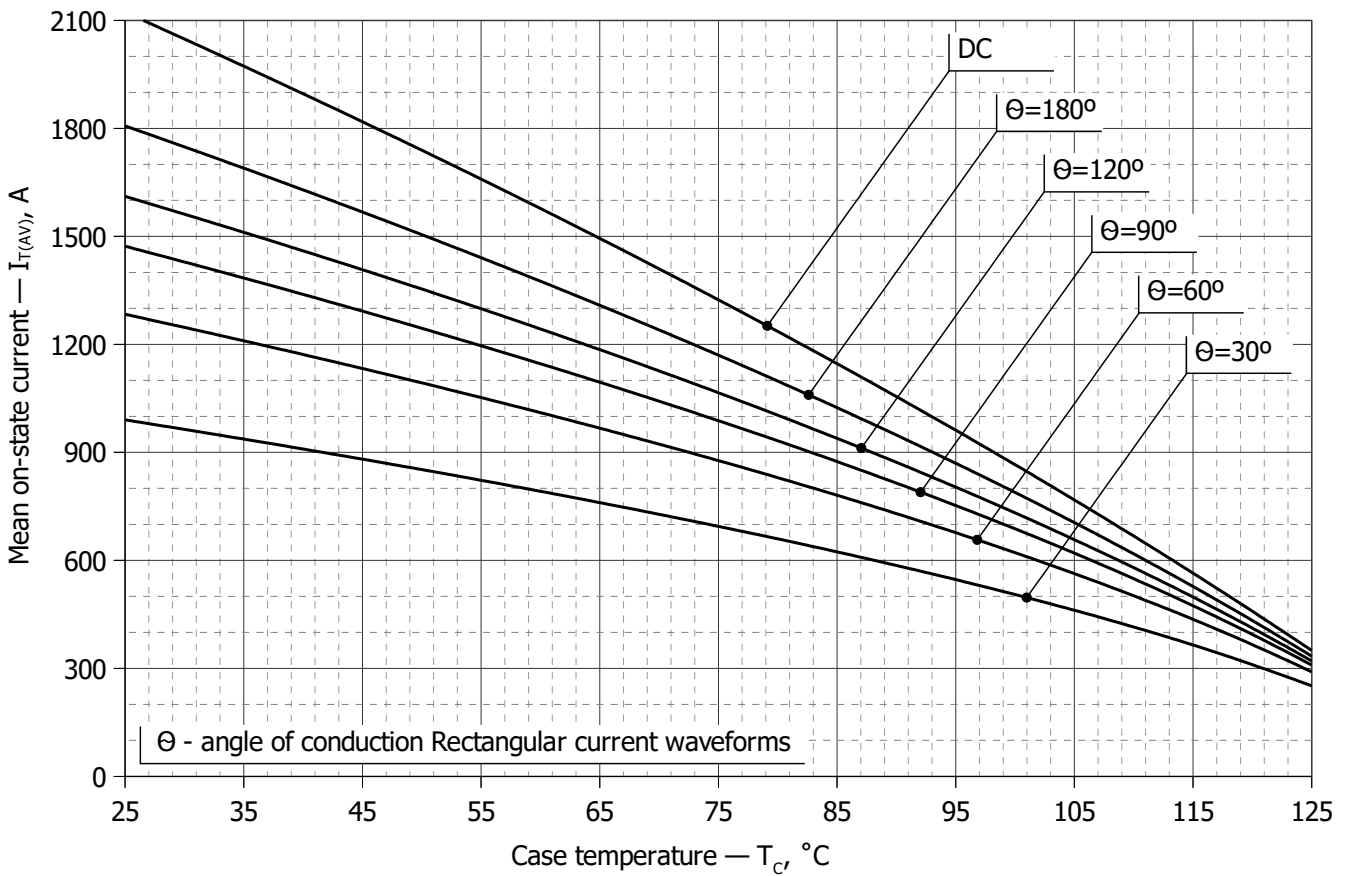
**Fig. 9 - Mean on-state power dissipation  $P_{TAV}$  vs. mean on-state current  $I_{TAV}$  for sinusoidal current waveforms at different conduction angles ( $f=50\text{Hz}$ , DSC)**



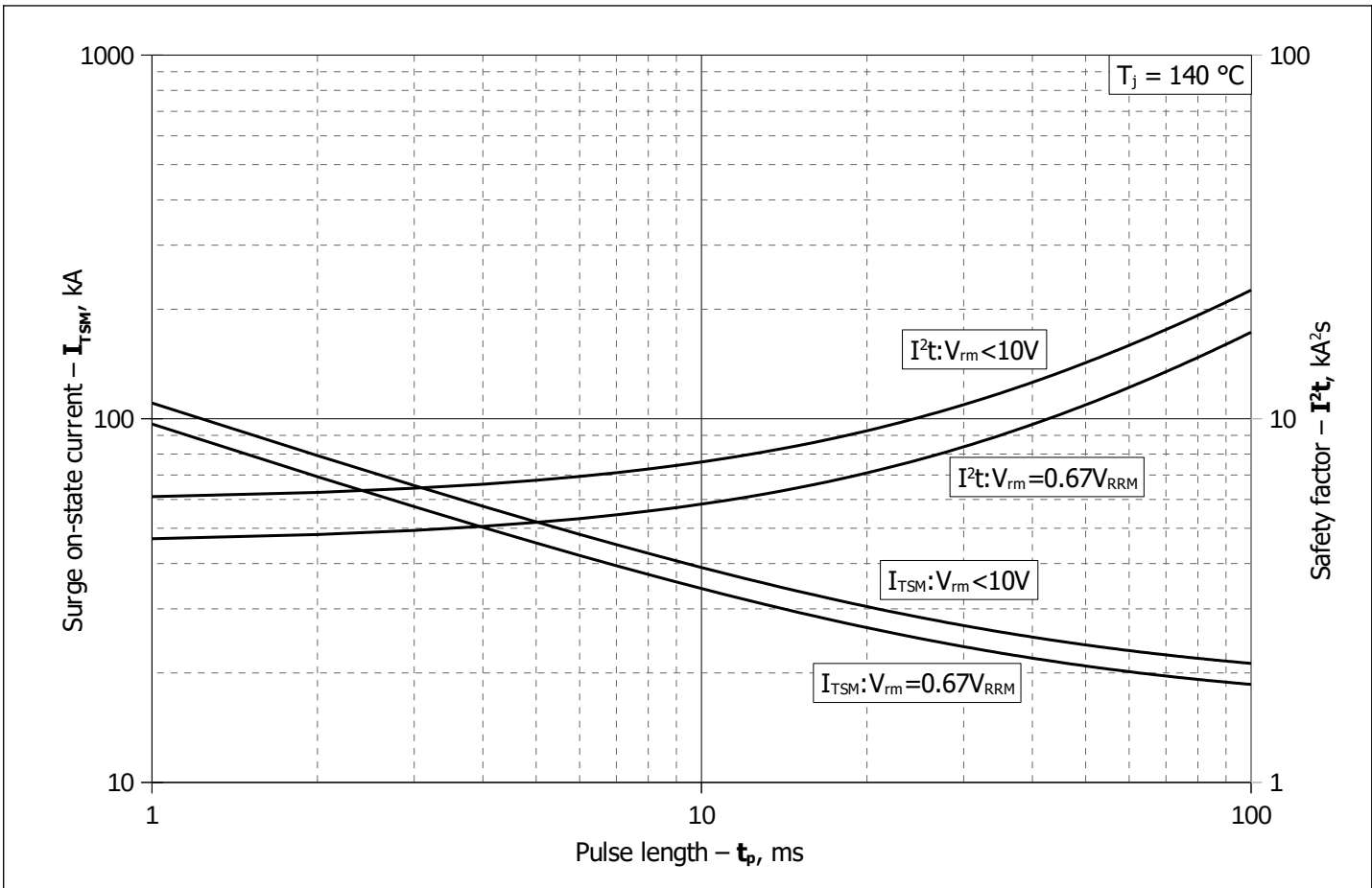
**Fig. 10 - Mean on-state power dissipation  $P_{TAV}$  vs. mean on-state current  $I_{TAV}$  for rectangular current waveforms at different conduction angles and for DC ( $f=50\text{Hz}$ , DSC)**



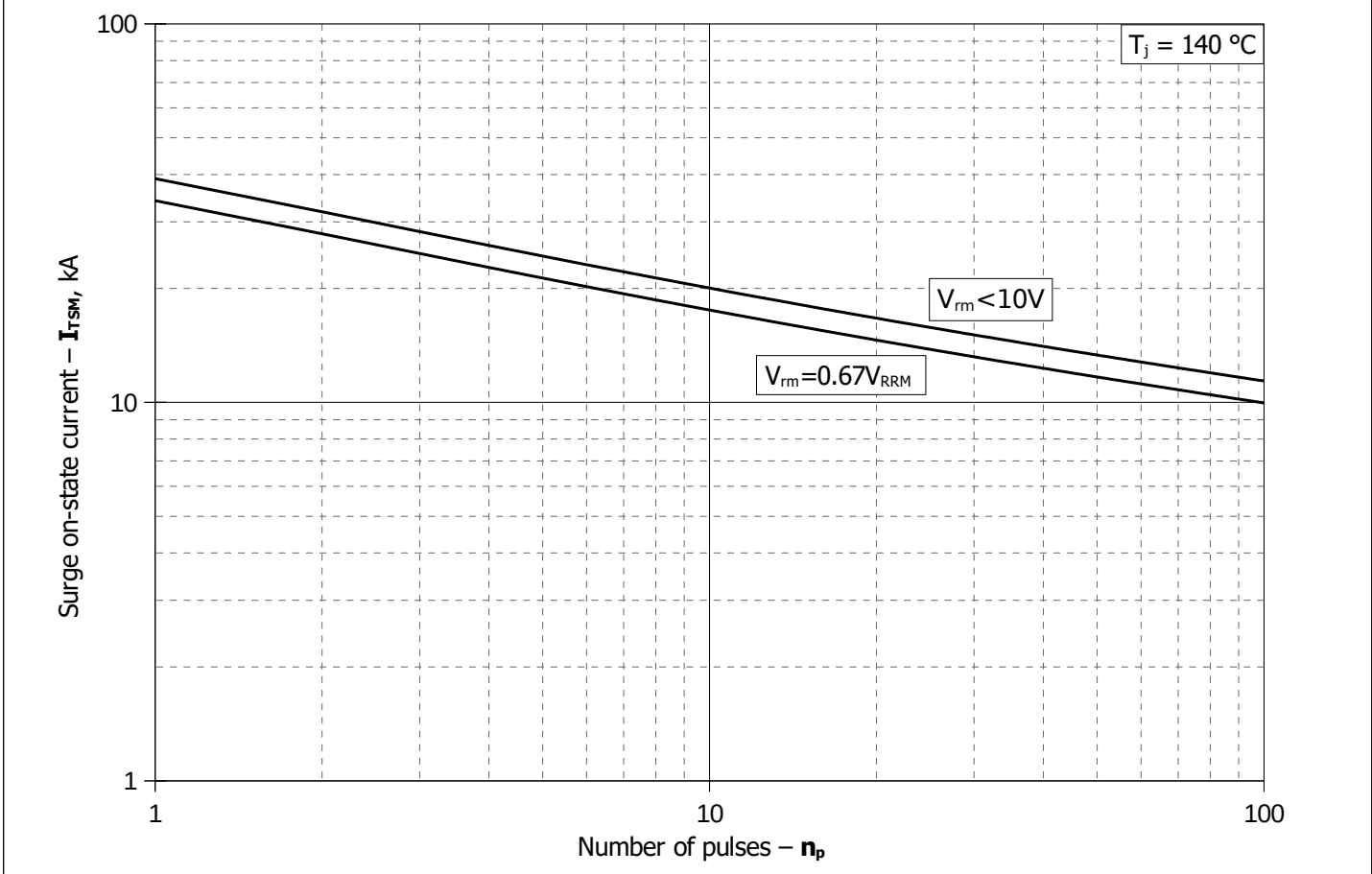
**Fig. 11 – Mean on-state current  $I_{TAV}$  vs. case temperature  $T_c$  for sinusoidal current waveforms at different conduction angles ( $f=50\text{Hz}$ , DSC)**



**Fig. 12 - Mean on-state current  $I_{TAV}$  vs. case temperature  $T_c$  for rectangular current waveforms at different conduction angles and for DC ( $f=50\text{Hz}$ , DSC)**



**Fig. 13 – Maximum surge on-state current  $I_{TSM}$  and safety factor  $I^2t$  vs. pulse length  $t_p$**



**Fig. 14 - Maximum surge on-state current  $I_{TSM}$  vs. number of pulses  $n_p$**