



# Thyristor Modules

## MTx-165-22-F



Mean on-state current	$I_{TAV}$	165 A
Repetitive peak off-state voltage	$V_{DRM}$	2000...2200 V
Repetitive peak reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$	
Turn-off time	$t_q$	160 $\mu s$
$V_{DRM}, V_{RRM}, V$	2000	2200
Voltage code	20	22
$T_j, ^\circ C$	-40...+125	

MT3		MT4			
<b>MT/D3</b>	<b>MD/T3</b>			<b>MT/D5</b>	

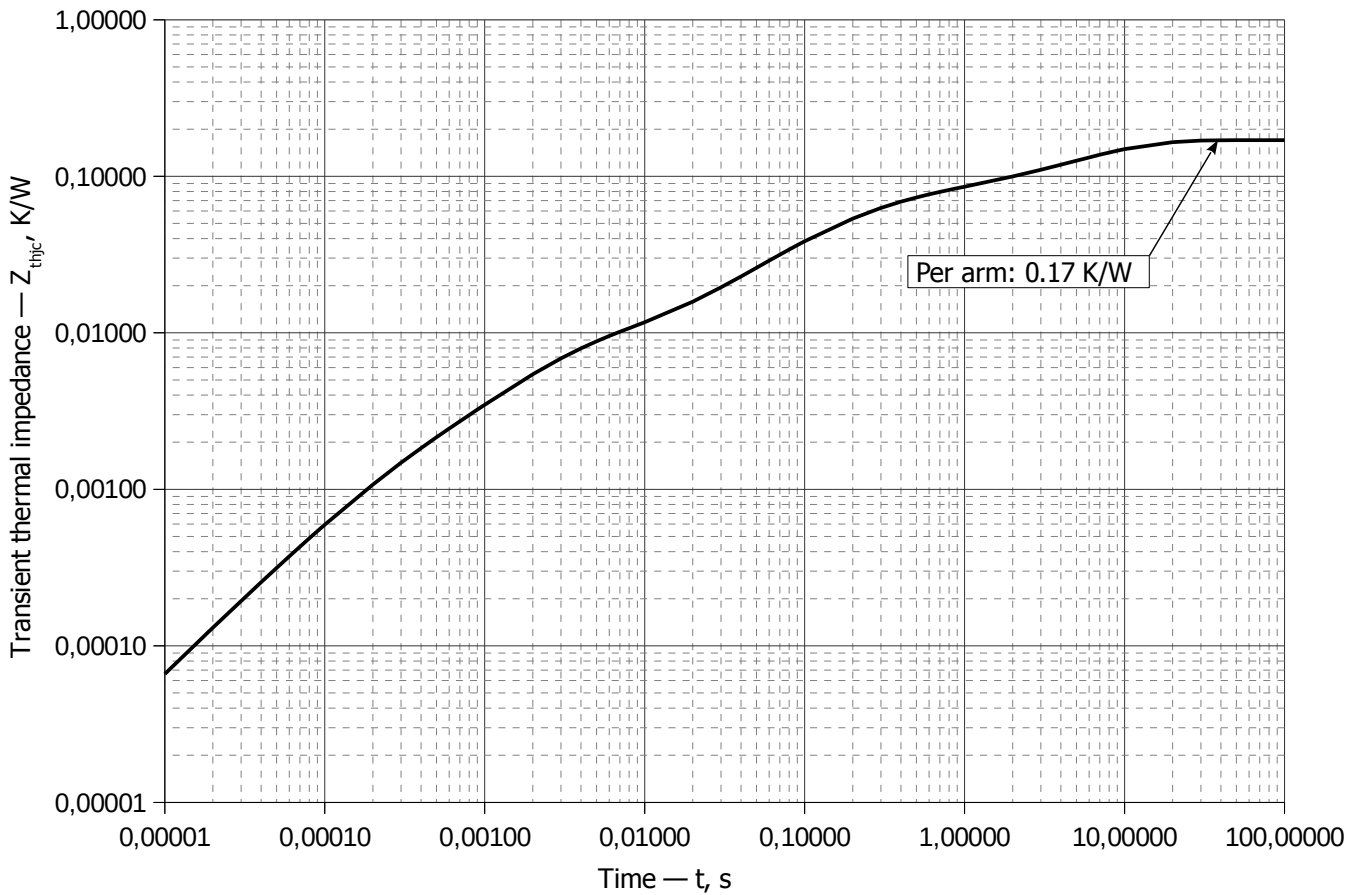
## MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE RATINGS

Symbols and parameters		Units	Values	Test conditions
<b>ON-STATE</b>				
$I_{TAV}$	Maximum allowable mean on-state current	A	165 164	$T_c = 84\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ; $T_c = 85\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ; 180° half-sine wave; 50 Hz
$I_{TRMS}$	RMS on-state current	A	259	$T_c = 84\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ; 180° half-sine wave; 50 Hz
$I_{TSM}$	Surge on-state current	kA	4.7 5.5	$T_j = T_{j\text{ max}}$ $T_j = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ 180° half-sine wave; $t_p = 10\text{ ms}$ ; single pulse; $V_D = V_R = 0\text{ V}$ ; Gate pulse: $I_G = 2\text{ A}$ ; $t_{GP} = 50\text{ }\mu\text{s}$ ; $di_G/dt \geq 1\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$
			5.0 6.0	$T_j = T_{j\text{ max}}$ $T_j = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ 180° half-sine wave; $t_p = 8.3\text{ ms}$ ; single pulse; $V_D = V_R = 0\text{ V}$ ; Gate pulse: $I_G = 2\text{ A}$ ; $t_{GP} = 50\text{ }\mu\text{s}$ ; $di_G/dt \geq 1\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$
$I^2t$	Safety factor	$\text{A}^2\text{s} \cdot 10^3$	110 150	$T_j = T_{j\text{ max}}$ $T_j = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ 180° half-sine wave; $t_p = 10\text{ ms}$ ; single pulse; $V_D = V_R = 0\text{ V}$ ; Gate pulse: $I_G = 2\text{ A}$ ; $t_{GP} = 50\text{ }\mu\text{s}$ ; $di_G/dt \geq 1\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$
			100 140	$T_j = T_{j\text{ max}}$ $T_j = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ 180° half-sine wave; $t_p = 8.3\text{ ms}$ ; single pulse; $V_D = V_R = 0\text{ V}$ ; Gate pulse: $I_G = 2\text{ A}$ ; $t_{GP} = 50\text{ }\mu\text{s}$ ; $di_G/dt \geq 1\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$
<b>BLOCKING</b>				
$V_{DRM}, V_{RRM}$	Repetitive peak off-state and Repetitive peak reverse voltages	V	2000...2200	$T_{j\text{ min}} < T_j < T_{j\text{ max}}$ ; 180° half-sine wave; 50 Hz; Gate open
$V_{DSM}, V_{RSM}$	Non-repetitive peak off-state and Non-repetitive peak reverse voltages	V	2100...2300	$T_{j\text{ min}} < T_j < T_{j\text{ max}}$ ; 180° half-sine wave; single pulse; Gate open
$V_{D}, V_R$	Direct off-state and Direct reverse voltages	V	$0.6 \cdot V_{DRM}$ $0.6 \cdot V_{RRM}$	$T_j = T_{j\text{ max}}$ ; Gate open
<b>TRIGGERING</b>				
$I_{FGM}$	Peak forward gate current	A	5	$T_j = T_{j\text{ max}}$
$V_{RGM}$	Peak reverse gate voltage	V	5	
$P_G$	Gate power dissipation	W	3	$T_j = T_{j\text{ max}}$ for DC gate current
<b>SWITCHING</b>				
$(di_T/dt)_{\text{crit}}$	Critical rate of rise of on-state current non-repetitive ( $f = 1\text{ Hz}$ )	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	1000	$T_j = T_{j\text{ max}}$ ; $V_D = 0.67 \cdot V_{DRM}$ ; $I_{TM} = 950\text{ A}$ ; Gate pulse: $I_G = 2\text{ A}$ ; $V_G = 20\text{ V}$ ; $t_{GP} = 50\text{ }\mu\text{s}$ ; $di_G/dt = 2\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$
<b>THERMAL</b>				
$T_{\text{stg}}$	Storage temperature	$^\circ\text{C}$	-40...+50	
$T_j$	Operating junction temperature	$^\circ\text{C}$	-40...+125	
$T_{c\text{ op}}$	Operating temperature	$^\circ\text{C}$	-40...+125	
<b>MECHANICAL</b>				
a	Acceleration under vibration	$\text{m}/\text{s}^2$	50	

## CHARACTERISTICS

Symbols and parameters		Units	Values	Conditions	
<b>ON-STATE</b>					
$V_{TM}$	Peak on-state voltage, max	V	1.50	$T_j=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}; I_{TM}=500\text{ A}$	
$V_{T(TO)}$	On-state threshold voltage, max	V	1.123	$T_j=T_{j\text{ max}};$	
$r_T$	On-state slope resistance, max	m $\Omega$	0.763	$0.5\pi I_{TAV} < I_T < 1.5\pi I_{TAV}$	
$I_L$	Latching current, max	mA	500	$T_j=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}; V_D=12\text{ V};$ Gate pulse: $I_G=2\text{ A};$ $t_{GP}=50\text{ }\mu\text{s}; di_G/dt\geq 1\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	
$I_H$	Holding current, max	mA	250	$T_j=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C};$ $V_D=12\text{ V};$ Gate open	
<b>BLOCKING</b>					
$I_{DRM}, I_{RRM}$	Repetitive peak off-state and Repetitive peak reverse currents, max	mA	30 2.50	$T_j=T_{j\text{ max}}$ $T_j=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	$V_D=V_{DRM}; V_R=V_{RRM}$
$(dv_D/dt)_{crit}$	Critical rate of rise of off-state voltage <sup>1)</sup> , min	V/ $\mu\text{s}$	200, 320, 500, 1000, 1600, 2000, 2500	$T_j=T_{j\text{ max}};$ $V_D=0.67\cdot V_{DRM};$ Gate open	
<b>TRIGGERING</b>					
$V_{GT}$	Gate trigger direct voltage, max	V	3.00 2.50 1.50	$T_j= T_{j\text{ min}}$ $T_j=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j= T_{j\text{ max}}$	$V_D=12\text{ V}; I_D=3\text{ A};$ Direct gate current
$I_{GT}$	Gate trigger direct current, max	mA	400 250 150	$T_j= T_{j\text{ min}}$ $T_j= 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j= T_{j\text{ max}}$	
$V_{GD}$	Gate non-trigger direct voltage, min	V	0.60	$T_j=T_{j\text{ max}};$ $V_D=0.67\cdot V_{DRM};$	
$I_{GD}$	Gate non-trigger direct current, min	mA	80.00	Direct gate current	
<b>SWITCHING</b>					
$t_{gd}$	Delay time, max	$\mu\text{s}$	0.80	$T_j=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}; V_D=1000\text{ V}; I_{TM}=I_{TAV};$ $di/dt=200\text{ A}/\mu\text{s};$	
$t_{gt}$	Turn-on time, max	$\mu\text{s}$	2.00	Gate pulse: $I_G=2\text{ A}; V_G=20\text{ V};$ $t_{GP}=50\text{ }\mu\text{s}; di_G/dt=2\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	
$t_q$	Turn-off time <sup>2)</sup> , max	$\mu\text{s}$	160	$dv_D/dt=50\text{ V}/\mu\text{s}; T_j=T_{j\text{ max}}; I_{TM}=I_{TAV};$ $di_R/dt=-10\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}; V_R=100\text{ V};$ $V_D=0.67 V_{DRM};$	
$Q_{rr}$	Recovered charge, max	$\mu\text{C}$	840	$T_j= T_{j\text{ max}}; I_{TM}= I_{TAV};$	
$t_{rr}$	Reverse recovery time, max	$\mu\text{s}$	19	$di_R/dt=-10\text{ A}/\mu\text{s};$	
$I_{rr}$	Reverse recovery current, max	A	88	$V_R=100\text{ V}$	
<b>THERMAL</b>					
$R_{thjc}$	Thermal resistance, junction to case				
	per module	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$	0.0850	180° half-sine wave, 50 Hz	
	per arm	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$	0.1700		
	per module	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$	0.0800	DC	
per arm	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$	0.1600			
$R_{thch}$	Thermal resistance, case to heatsink				
	per module	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$	0.0300		
	per arm	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$	0.0600		
<b>INSULATION</b>					
$V_{ISOL}$	Insulation test voltage	kV	3.00	Sine wave, 50 Hz; RMS	t=60 sec
			3.60		t=1 sec
<b>MECHANICAL</b>					
$M_1$	Mounting torque (M6) <sup>3)</sup>	Nm	6.00	Tolerance $\pm 15\%$	
$M_2$	Terminal connection torque (M6) <sup>3)</sup>	Nm	6.00	Tolerance $\pm 15\%$	
m	Weight, max	g	350		

PART NUMBERING GUIDE	NOTES																				
<p>MT 3 - 165 - 22 - A2 T2 - F - N  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8</p> <p>1. Thyristor module (MT)  Thyristor – Diode module (MT/D)  Diode – Thyristor module (MD/T)</p> <p>2. Circuit Schematic:</p> <p>3. Average On-state Current, A</p> <p>4. Voltage Code</p> <p>5. Critical rate of rise of off-state voltage</p> <p>6. Group of turn-off time (<math>dv_D/dt=50\text{ V}/\mu\text{s}</math>)</p> <p>7. Package Type (M.F)</p> <p>8. Ambient Conditions:  N – Normal</p>	<p>1) Critical rate of rise of off-state voltage</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Symbol of Group</th> <th>P2</th> <th>K2</th> <th>E2</th> <th>A2</th> <th>T1</th> <th>P1</th> <th>M1</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><math>(dv_D/dt)_{crit}, \text{ V}/\mu\text{s}</math></td> <td>200</td> <td>320</td> <td>500</td> <td>1000</td> <td>1600</td> <td>2000</td> <td>2500</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>2) Turn-off time (<math>dv_D/dt=50\text{ V}/\mu\text{s}</math>)</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Symbol of group</th> <th>T2</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><math>t_{qf}, \mu\text{s}</math></td> <td>160</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>3) The screws must be lubricated</p>	Symbol of Group	P2	K2	E2	A2	T1	P1	M1	$(dv_D/dt)_{crit}, \text{ V}/\mu\text{s}$	200	320	500	1000	1600	2000	2500	Symbol of group	T2	$t_{qf}, \mu\text{s}$	160
Symbol of Group	P2	K2	E2	A2	T1	P1	M1														
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**Fig 1 – Transient thermal impedance  $Z_{thjc}$  vs. time  $t$**

Analytical function for Transient thermal impedance junction to case  $Z_{thjc}$  for DC:

$$Z_{thjc} = \sum_{i=1}^n R_i \left( 1 - e^{-\frac{t}{\tau_i}} \right)$$

Where  $i = 1$  to  $n$ ,  $n$  is the number of terms in the series.

$t$  = Duration of heating pulse in seconds.

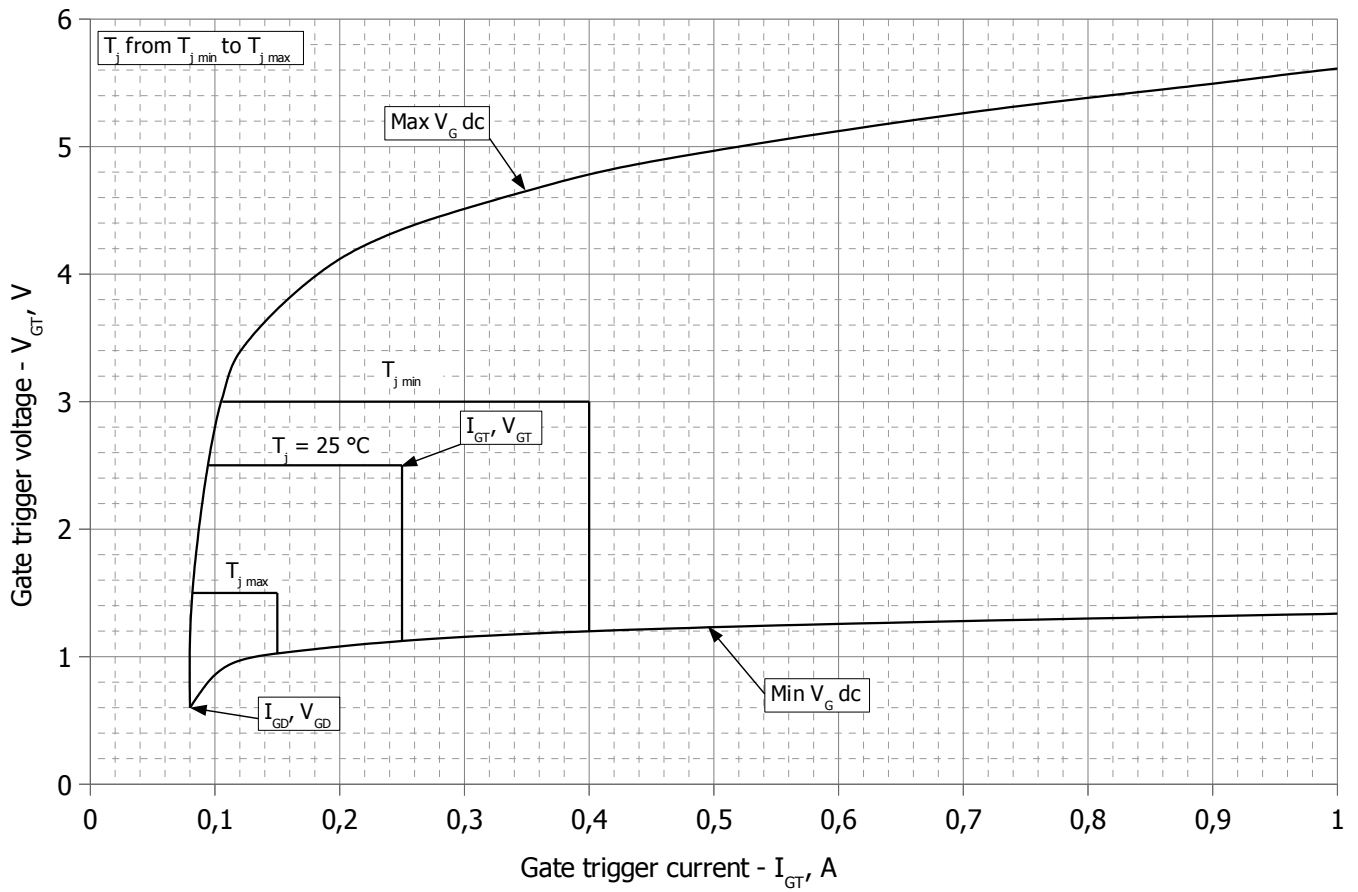
$Z_{thjc}$  = Thermal resistance at time  $t$ .

$R_i$  = Amplitude of  $p_{th}$  term.

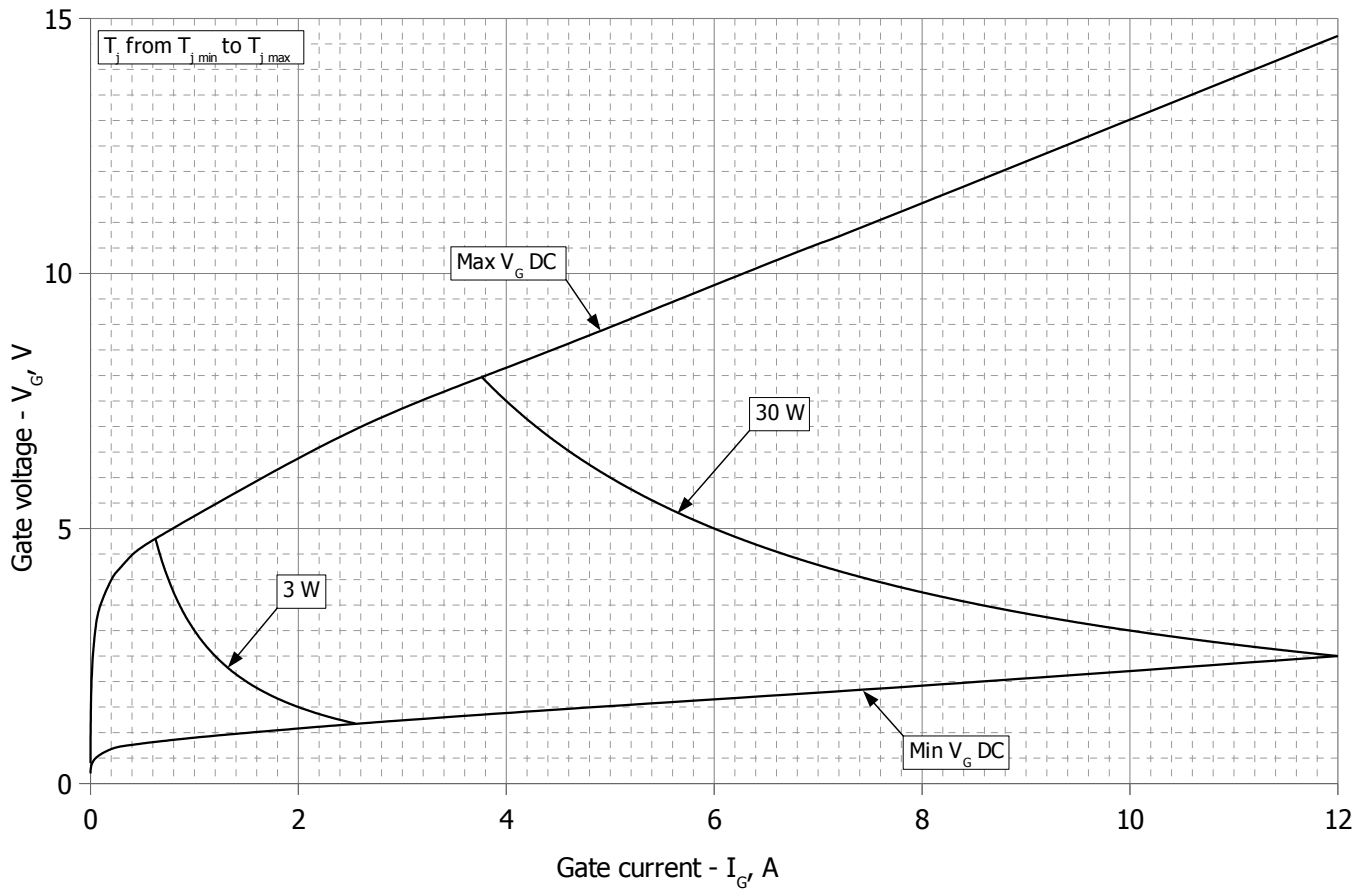
$\tau_i$  = Time constant of  $r_{th}$  term.

<b>i</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>6</b>
<b><math>R_i</math>, K/W</b>	0.0007228424	0.0066399867	0.0153862565	0.0389709604	0.0142906115	0.09398934
<b><math>\tau_i</math>, s</b>	0.0002111	0.002366	0.06905	0.1909	0.6646	6.64

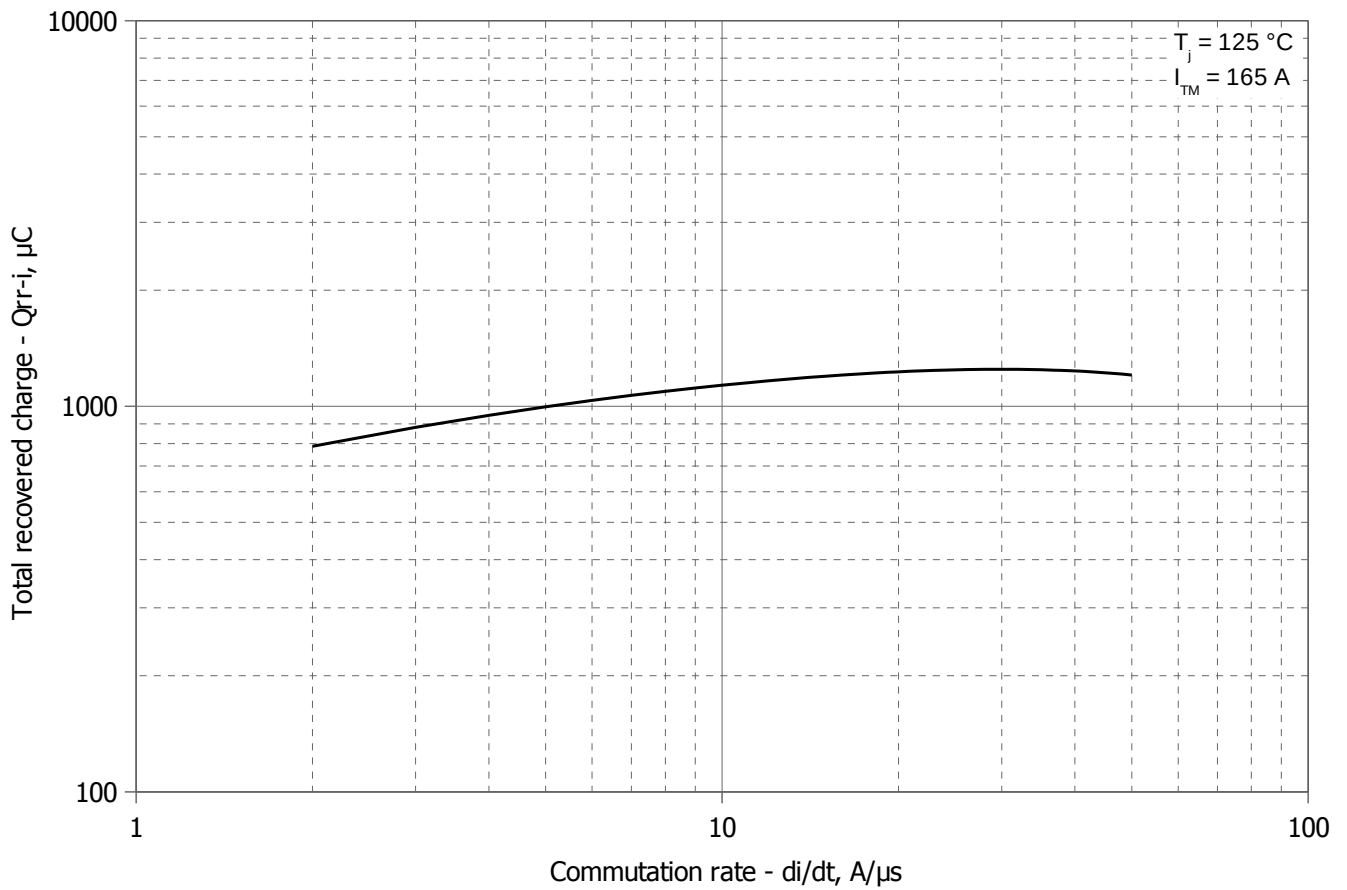
**Transient thermal impedance junction to case  $Z_{thjc}$  model (see Fig. 1)**



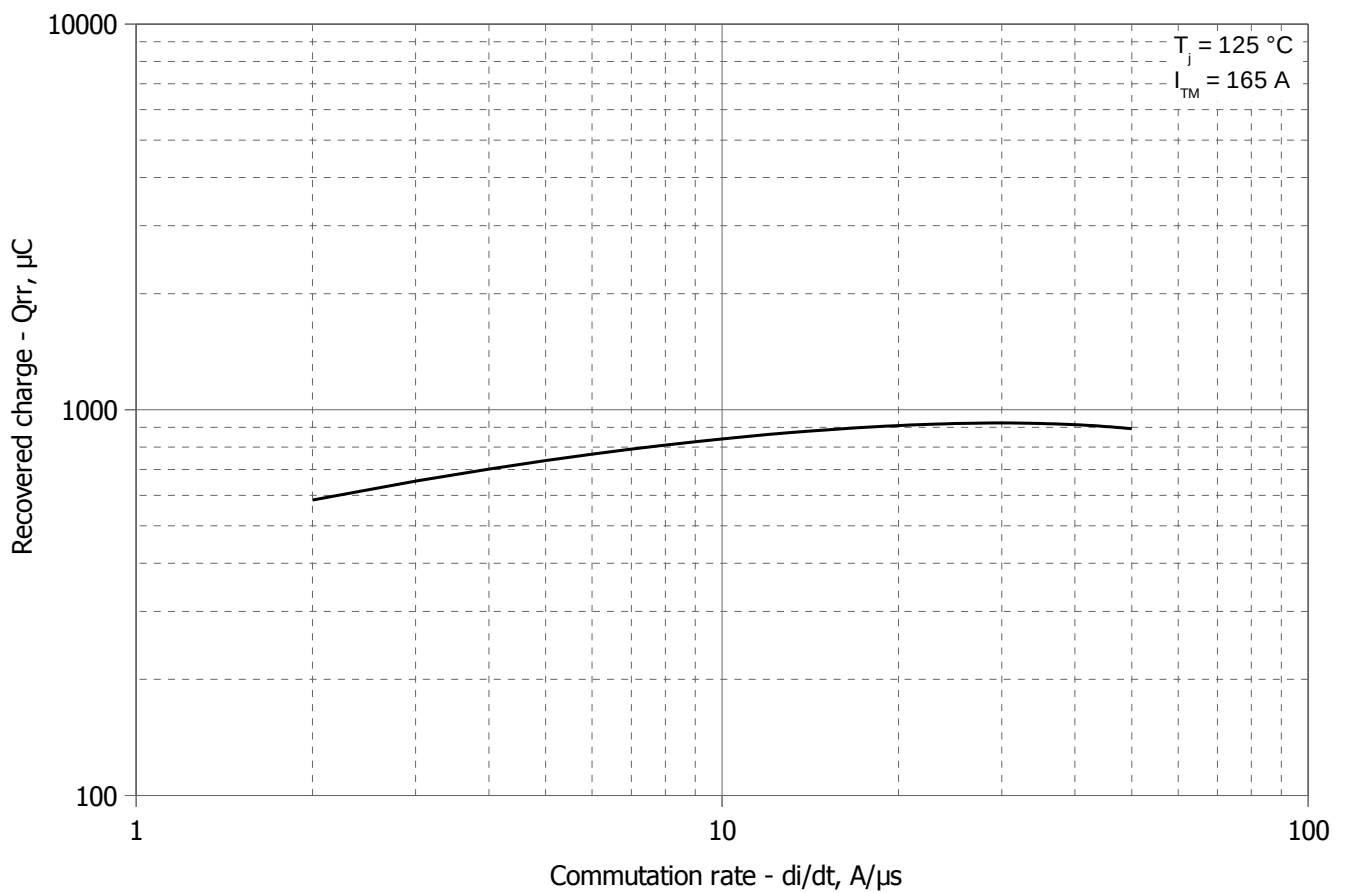
**Fig 2 – Gate characteristics – Trigger limits**



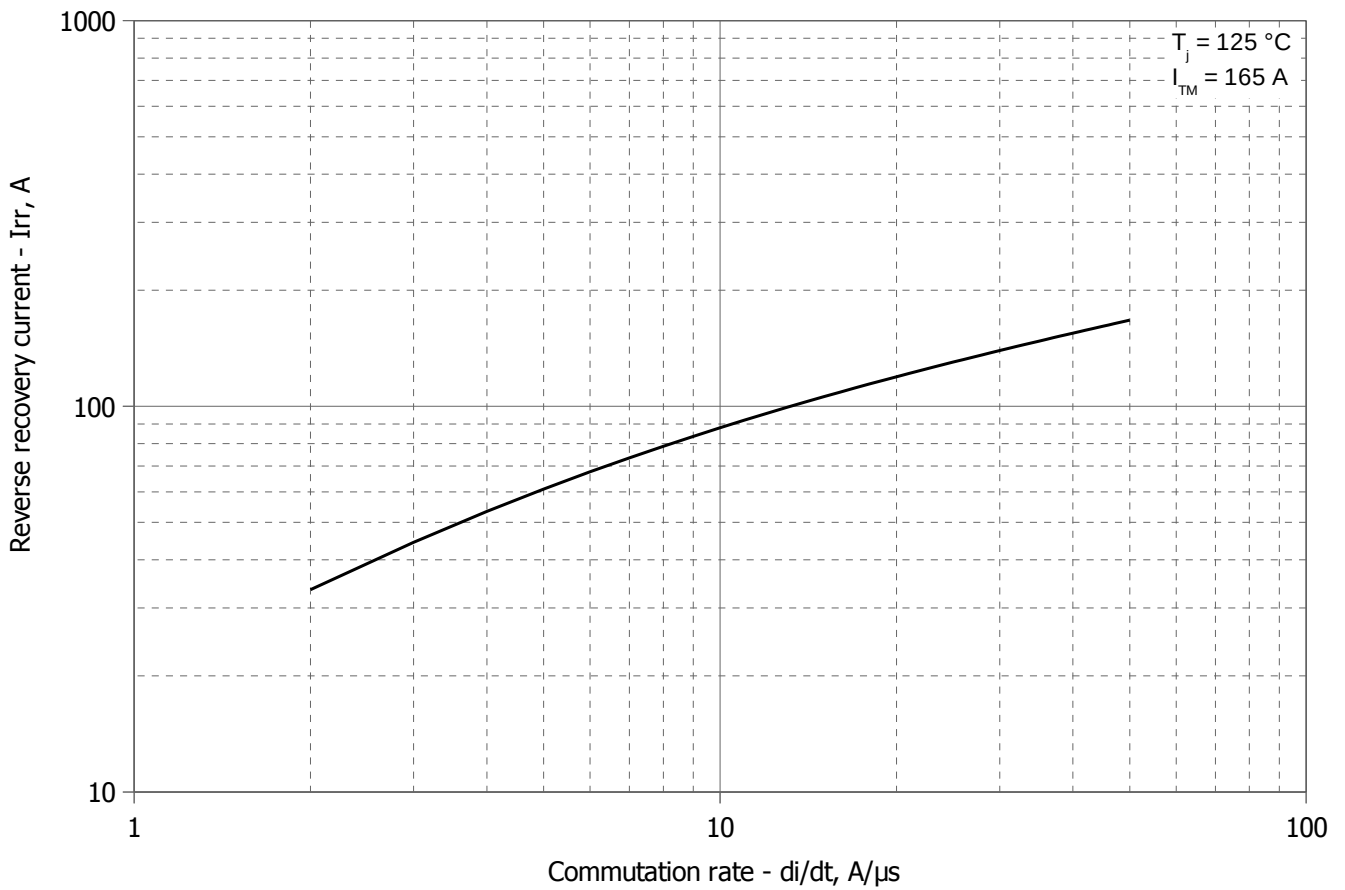
**Fig 3 - Gate characteristics – Power curves**



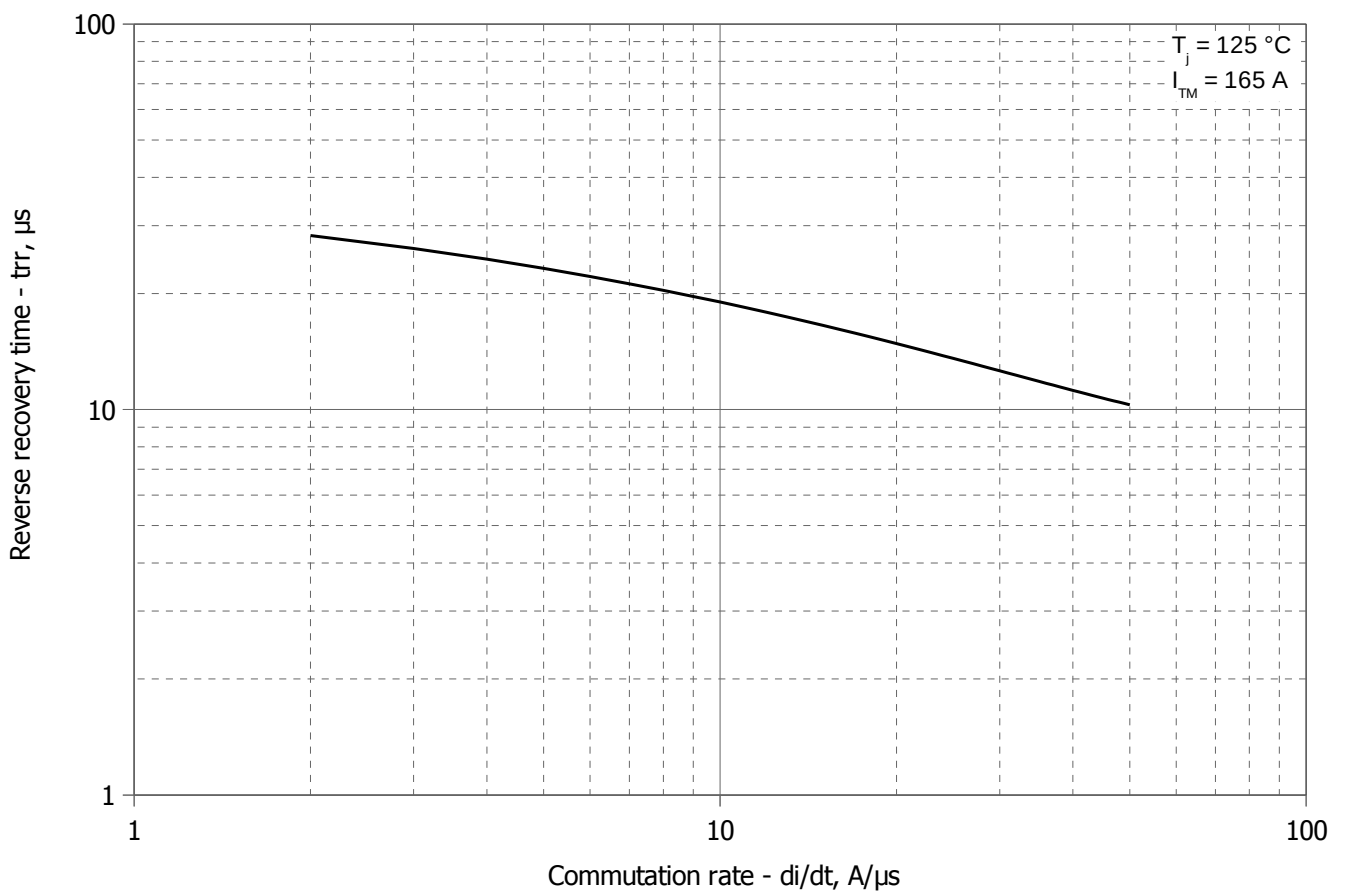
**Fig 4 – Maximum recovered charge  $Q_{rr-i}$  (integral) vs. commutation rate  $di_R/dt$**



**Fig 5 – Maximum recovered charge  $Q_{rr}$  vs. commutation rate  $di_R/dt$  (25% chord)**

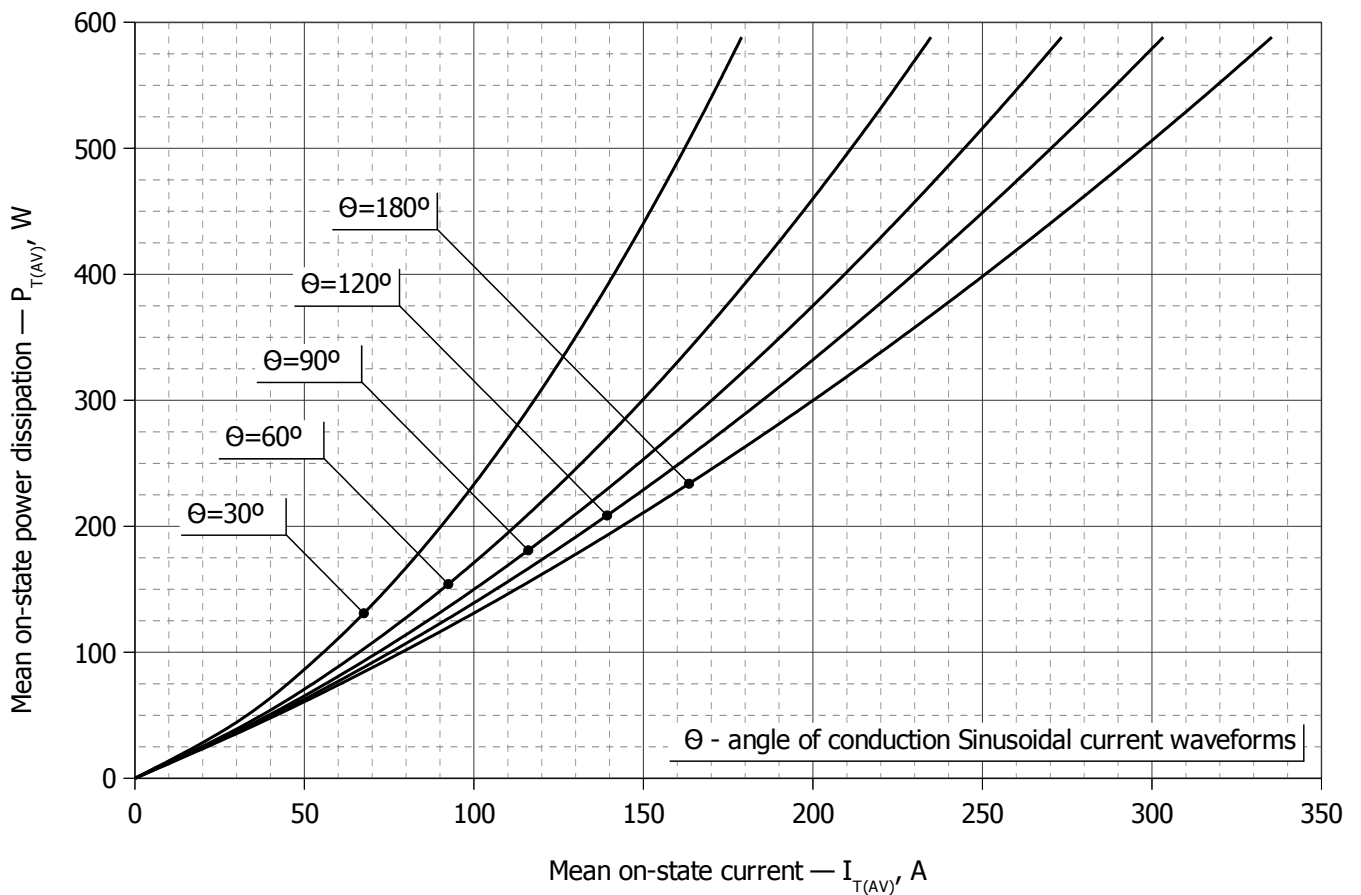


**Fig 6 – Maximum reverse recovery current  $I_{rr}$  vs. commutation rate  $di_R/dt$**

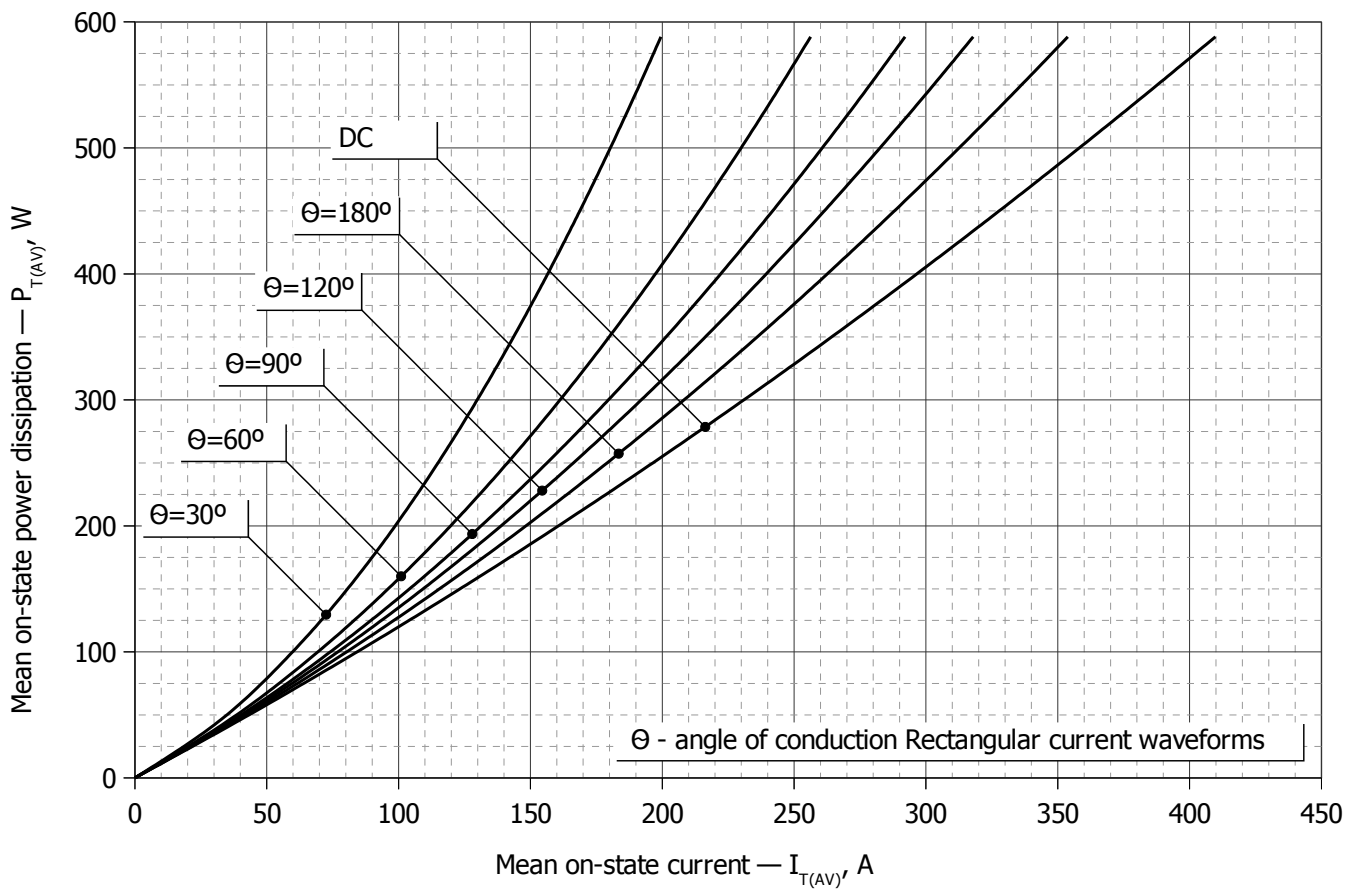


**Fig 7 – Maximum recovery time  $t_{rr}$  vs. commutation rate  $di_R/dt$  (25% chord)**

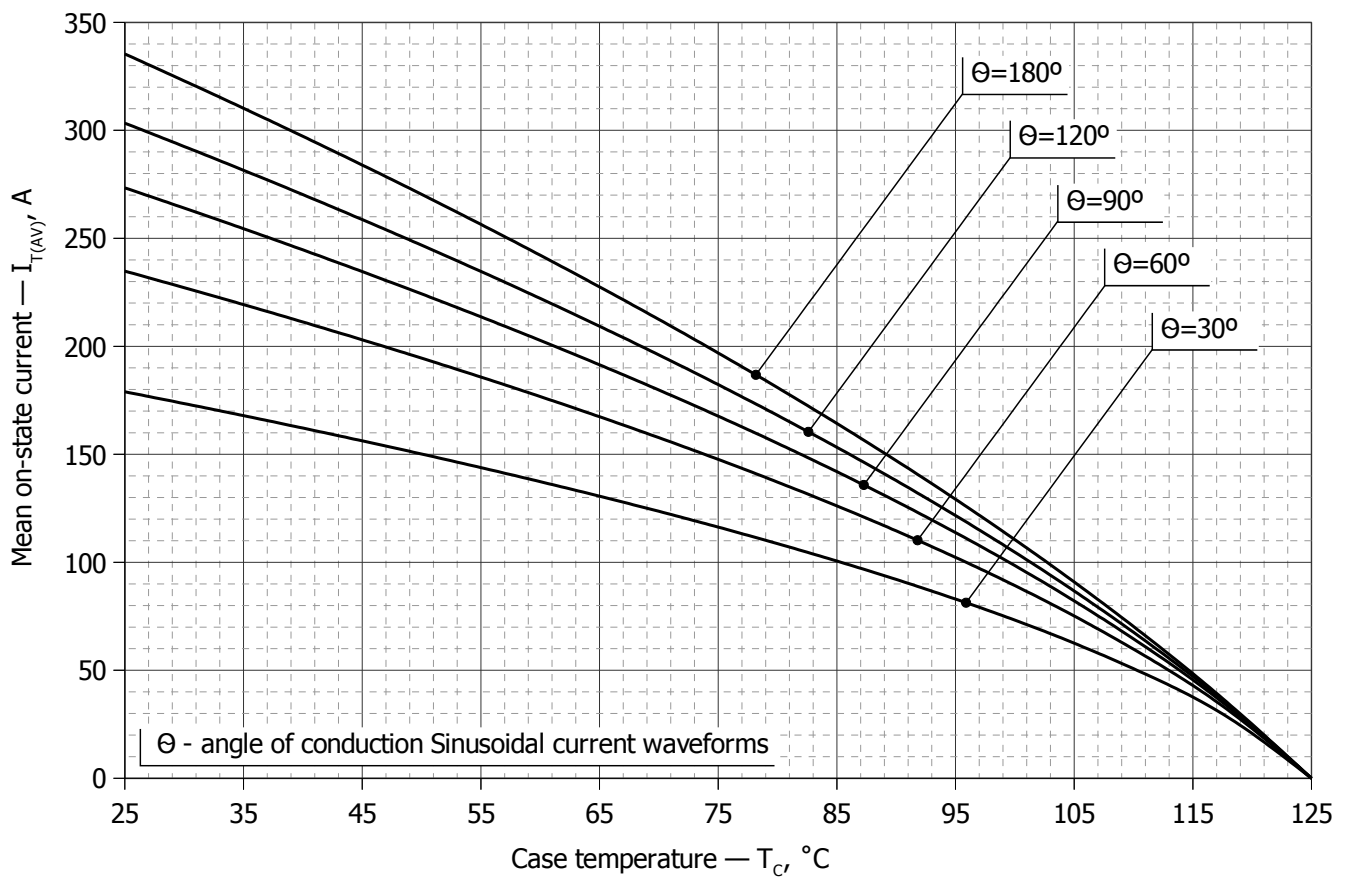




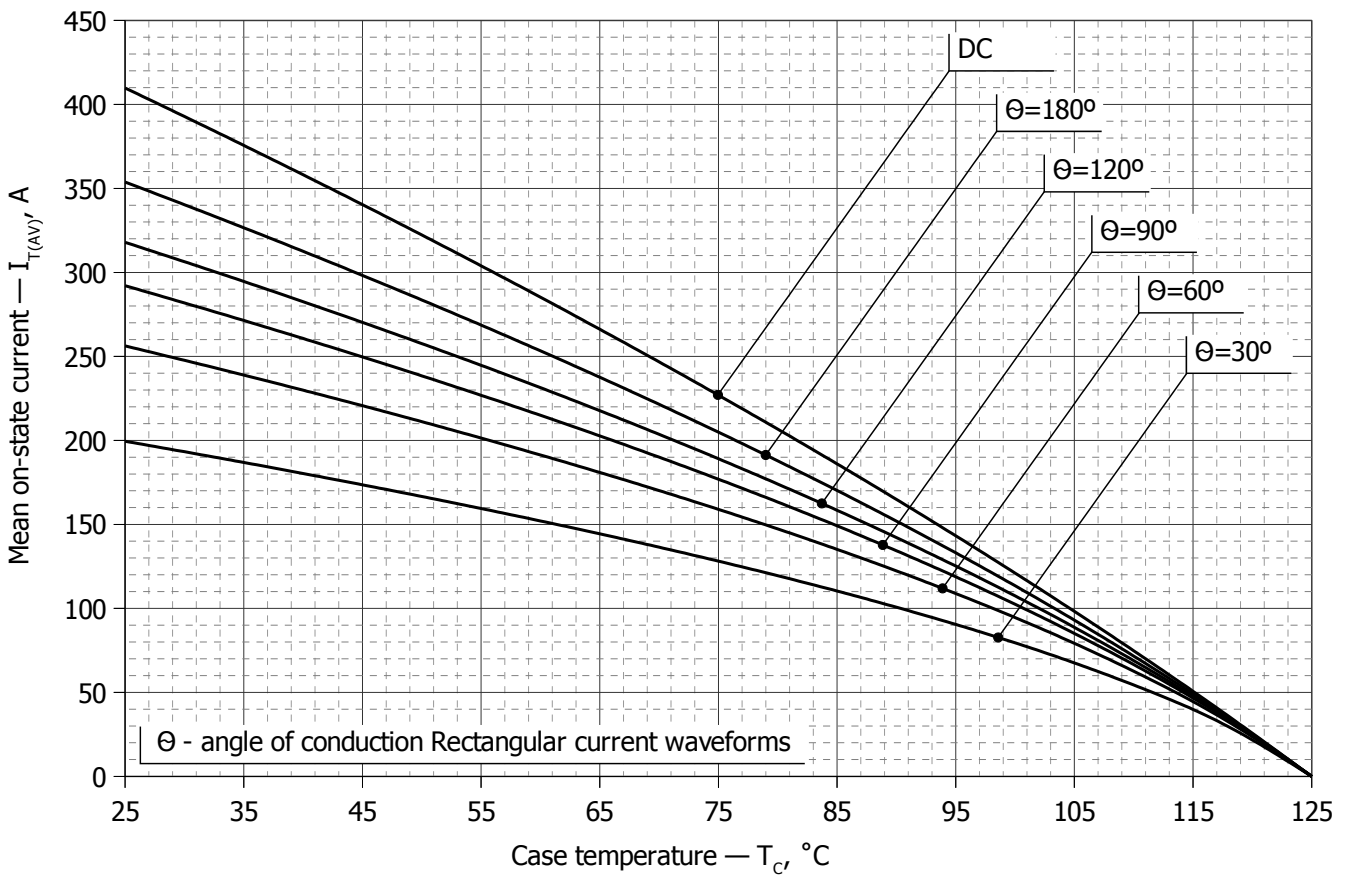
**Fig. 8 - Mean on-state power dissipation  $P_{TAV}$  vs. mean on-state current  $I_{TAV}$  for sinusoidal current waveforms at different conduction angles ( $f=50\text{Hz}$ )**



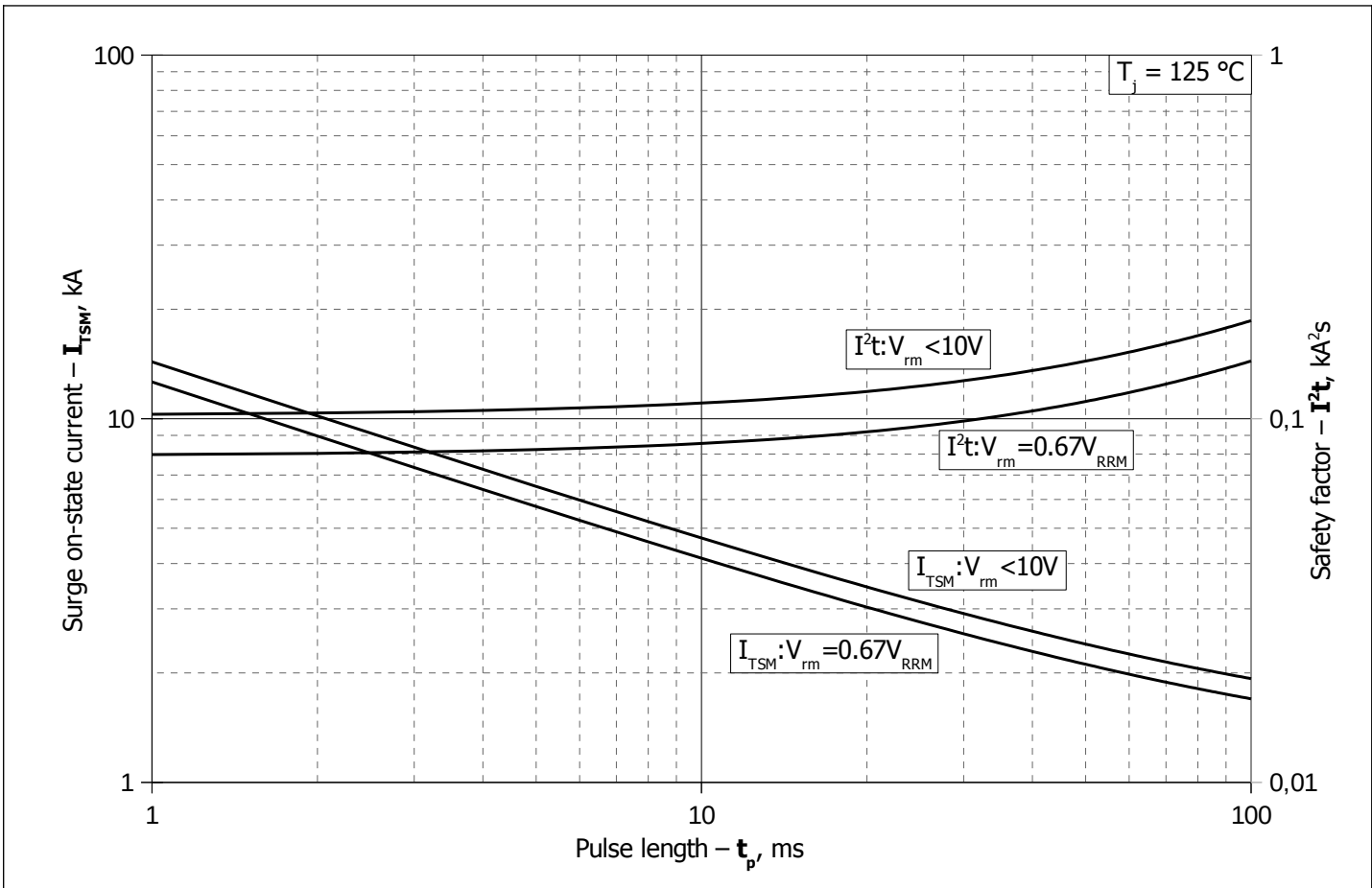
**Fig. 9 - Mean on-state power dissipation  $P_{TAV}$  vs. mean on-state current  $I_{TAV}$  for rectangular current waveforms at different conduction angles and for DC ( $f=50\text{Hz}$ )**



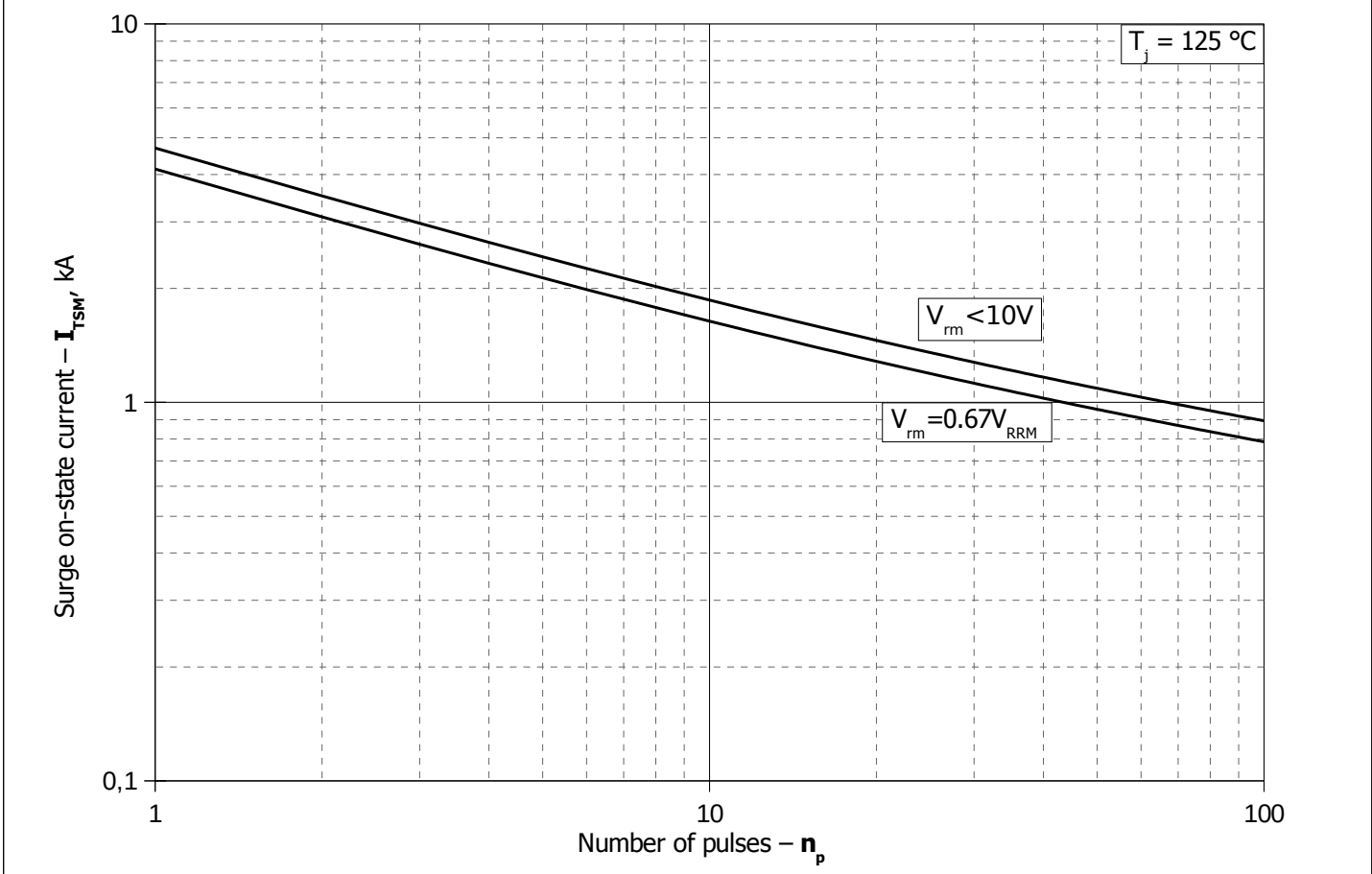
**Fig. 10 – Mean on-state current  $I_{TAV}$  vs. case temperature  $T_c$  for sinusoidal current waveforms at different conduction angles ( $f=50\text{Hz}$ )**



**Fig. 11 - Mean on-state current  $I_{TAV}$  vs. case temperature  $T_c$  for rectangular current waveforms at different conduction angles and for DC ( $f=50\text{Hz}$ )**



**Fig. 12 – Maximum surge on-state current  $I_{TSM}$  and safety factor  $I^2 t$  vs. pulse length  $t_p$**



**Fig. 13 - Maximum surge on-state current  $I_{TSM}$  vs. number of pulses  $n_p$**