

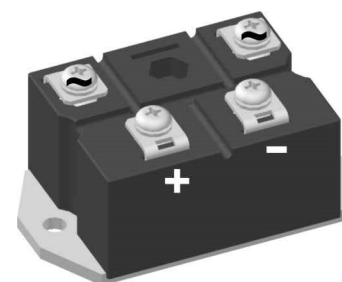
Standard Rectifier Module

1~ Rectifier	
V_{RRM}	= 1800 V
I_{DAV}	= 60 A
I_{FSM}	= 550 A

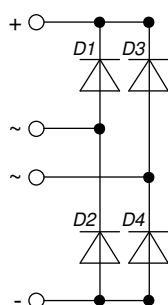
1~ Rectifier Bridge

Part number

VBO52-18NO7



 E72873



Features / Advantages:

- Package with DCB ceramic
- Improved temperature and power cycling
- Planar passivated chips
- Very low forward voltage drop
- Very low leakage current

Applications:

- Diode for main rectification
- For one phase bridge configurations
- Supplies for DC power equipment
- Input rectifiers for PWM inverter
- Battery DC power supplies
- Field supply for DC motors

Package: PWS-D

- Isolation Voltage: 3000 V~
- Industry standard outline
- RoHS compliant
- Easy to mount with two screws
- Base plate: Copper internally DCB isolated
- Advanced power cycling

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Rectifier				Ratings			
Symbol	Definition	Conditions		min.	typ.	max.	Unit
V_{RSM}	max. non-repetitive reverse blocking voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$				1900	V
V_{RRM}	max. repetitive reverse blocking voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$				1800	V
I_R	reverse current	$V_R = 1800\text{ V}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$			40	μA
		$V_R = 1800\text{ V}$	$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$			1.5	mA
V_F	forward voltage drop	$I_F = 20\text{ A}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$			1.07	V
		$I_F = 40\text{ A}$				1.19	V
		$I_F = 20\text{ A}$	$T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$			0.96	V
		$I_F = 40\text{ A}$				1.13	V
I_{DAV}	bridge output current	$T_C = 115^{\circ}\text{C}$ rectangular	$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$ d = 0.5			60	A
V_{F0}	threshold voltage	} for power loss calculation only		$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$		0.78	V
r_F	slope resistance					8.1	m Ω
R_{thJC}	thermal resistance junction to case					1.1	K/W
R_{thCH}	thermal resistance case to heatsink				0.4		K/W
P_{tot}	total power dissipation	$T_C = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$				110	W
I_{FSM}	max. forward surge current	t = 10 ms; (50 Hz), sine	$T_{VJ} = 45^{\circ}\text{C}$			550	A
		t = 8,3 ms; (60 Hz), sine	$V_R = 0\text{ V}$			595	A
		t = 10 ms; (50 Hz), sine	$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$			470	A
		t = 8,3 ms; (60 Hz), sine	$V_R = 0\text{ V}$			505	A
I^2t	value for fusing	t = 10 ms; (50 Hz), sine	$T_{VJ} = 45^{\circ}\text{C}$			1.52	kA ² s
		t = 8,3 ms; (60 Hz), sine	$V_R = 0\text{ V}$			1.48	kA ² s
		t = 10 ms; (50 Hz), sine	$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$			1.11	kA ² s
		t = 8,3 ms; (60 Hz), sine	$V_R = 0\text{ V}$			1.06	kA ² s
C_J	junction capacitance	$V_R = 400\text{ V}; f = 1\text{ MHz}$			19		pF

Package PWS-D				Ratings			
Symbol	Definition	Conditions		min.	typ.	max.	Unit
I _{RMS}	RMS current	per terminal				150	A
T _{VJ}	virtual junction temperature			-40		150	°C
T _{op}	operation temperature			-40		125	°C
T _{stg}	storage temperature			-40		125	°C
Weight					153		g
M _D	mounting torque			4.25		5.75	Nm
M _T	terminal torque			4.25		5.75	Nm
d _{Spp/App}	creepage distance on surface striking distance through air	terminal to terminal		9.5			mm
d _{Spb/Apb}		terminal to backside		26.0			mm
V _{ISOL}	isolation voltage	t = 1 second	50/60 Hz, RMS; I _{ISOL} ≤ 1 mA	3000			V
		t = 1 minute		2500			V



Ordering	Ordering Number	Marking on Product	Delivery Mode	Quantity	Code No.
Standard	VBO52-18NO7	VBO52-18NO7	Box	10	491470

Equivalent Circuits for Simulation

* on die level

$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$

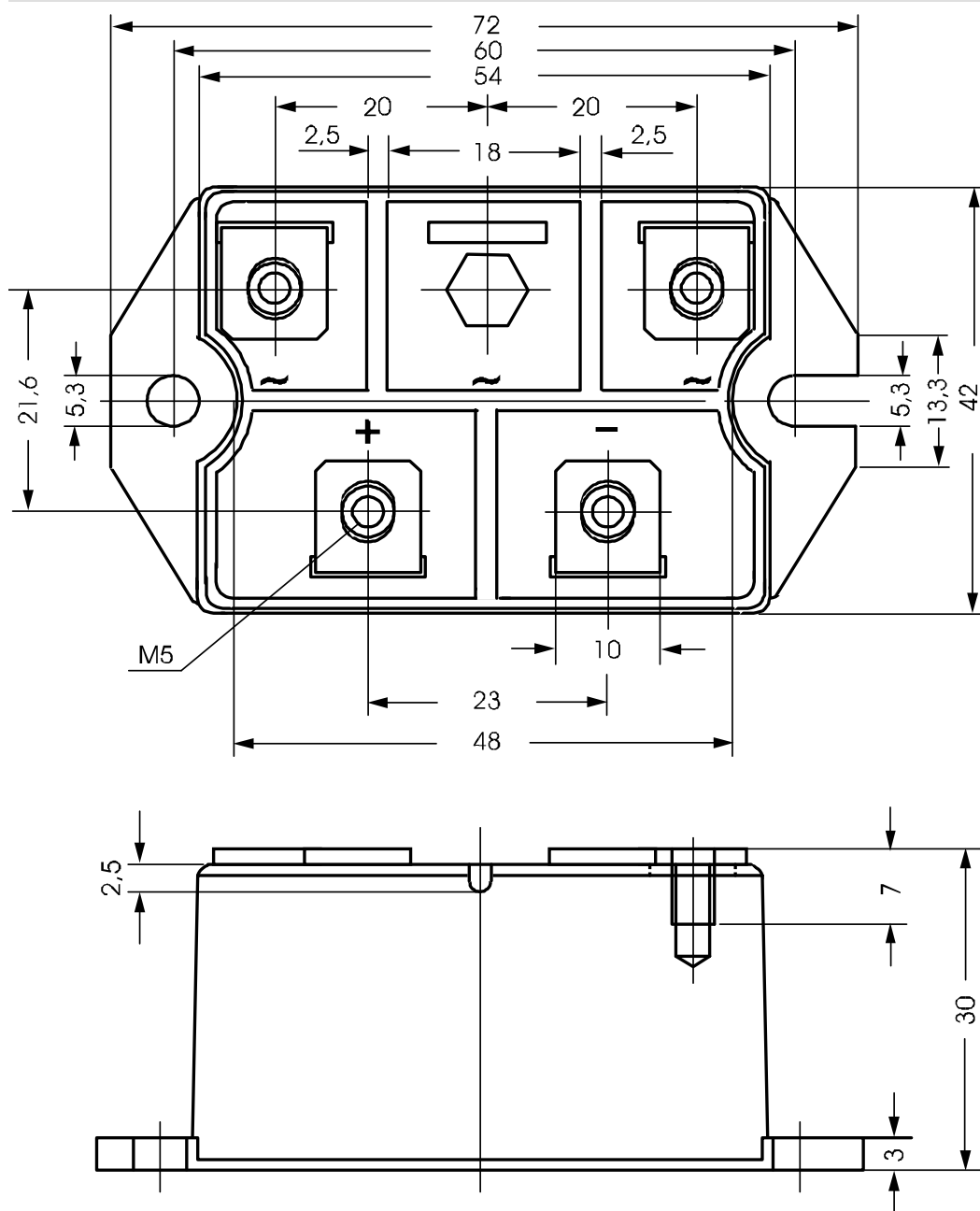


Rectifier

$V_{0\max}$	threshold voltage	0.78	V
$R_{0\max}$	slope resistance *	6.9	mΩ



Outlines PWS-D



Rectifier


Fig. 1 Forward current vs. voltage drop per diode



Fig. 2 Surge overload current vs. time per diode



Fig. 3 I^2t vs. time per diode



Fig. 4 Power dissipation vs. forward current and ambient temperature per diode



Fig. 5 Max. forward current vs. case temperature per diode



Fig. 6 Transient thermal impedance junction to case vs. time per diode

Constants for Z_{thJC} calculation:

i	R_{th} (K/W)	t_i (s)
1	0.05	0.001
2	0.14	0.030
3	0.25	0.060
4	0.35	0.130
5	0.31	0.920